Bedford Gazette.

BY GEO. W. BOWMAN. Freedom of Thought and Opinion. TERMS, $2 PER YEAR.

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Select Poetry.

THE FARMER'S GIRL.

Up in the early morning,
Just at the peep of day,
Straining the milk in the dairy,
Turning the cows away—
Sweeping the floor in the kitchen,
Making the beds up stairs,
Washing the breakfast dishes,
Dusting the parlor chairs.

Brushing the crumbs from the pantry,
Hunting for eggs at the barn,
Cleaning the turnips for dinner,
Spinning the stocking yarn—
Spreading the whitening linen,
Down on the bushes below,
Ransacking every meadow
Where the red strawberries grow.

Starching the "fixing's for Sunday,
Churning the snowy cream,
Rinsing the pails and the strainer
Down in the running stream—
Feeding the geese and the turkeys,
Making the pumpkin pies,
Jogging the little one's cradle,
Driving away the flies.

Grace in every motion,
Music in every tone,
Beauty of form and feature,
Thousands might covet to own—
Cheeks that rival spring roses,
Teeth the whitest of pearls,
One of these country maids are worth
A score of your city girls.

Correspondence of the Daily Pennsylvanian.

Important Letter from Washington.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16, 1855.

Information received in this city by the last steamer, shows that Lord Palmerston's attempt to dragoon the United States, through the London *Times*, has occasioned an unheard of excitement in Great Britain. The feeling of the people of England has risen mountain high against the reckless Premier, who is known to be a men of violent prejudices against our country and who supposed he would make a "ten strike" by sending his fleet to Central America, and by accompanying that demonstration with an insolent article in the London *Times*. But the English people have supped full of horrors, they have got sick of blood. However they may have exhibited a disposition that the war against the Russian Autocrat should be continued, now that they have got into it. My information is that they are resolved not to be embroiled in a conflict with the United States; and Lord Palmerston, I would not be astonished, may rue the day when he committed the faughpaugh of making this trial of public opinion.

It is said that to such an extent has the action of the government been repudiated, that a great change of tone has come over the London journals, particularly those who speak the sentiments of the Court. As an evidence of the manner in which the Government has acted, I need only say that the London *Times* came out and distinctly charged that the Government of the United States, and Mr. Buchanan, the American Minister, had made certain professions of friendship to the British Government in regard to the war with Russia, and afterwards backed out from their professions; hence upon those professions the *Times* argues that the British Government *was justified in attempting enlistments in this country*. When our Legation at London corrected this statement, the London *Times*, up to the last day, had refused to publish their correction, which shows a foregone conclusion on the part of Palmerston, to precipitate difficulties, if this could be done.

It is one thing for Great Britain to fight Russia, and that has been a dear conflict, as the results have shown, but it is quite another to attempt a war with the United States, and this too at a time when Europe is looking to our granaries—when our cotton is essential to the occupation of millions of British subjects, and when our trade constitutes the leading commercial interest of England.

Cotton and flour, you will perceive, have advanced, which result may be attributed to the wonderful reaction in public sentiment, occasioned by the course of the London *Times*.

Meanwhile the administration of President PIERCE, conscious of having done nothing to merit this ebullition on the part of the British government, maintains a proud position before the world. It has resisted all violations of its own neutrality laws in the case of Cuba and Central America—it has done this in the face of a considerable public opinion in our own country, and you may rely upon it that it will sternly repel all attempts to interfere with our national interests that may come from any power—even from the *whole* world combined.—Never before have we been more nobly in the right than at the present time.

DEMOCRAT.

☞Last year the Democrats had but one member in the Massachusetts House of Representatives; this year they have chosen thirty. An increase in the same ratio for the year to come, would eradicate the combined force of "Sam" and "Sambo" from Massachusetts.

GENERAL CASS.—A visitor to the residence of this veteran statesman writes. I spent a forenoon with Gen. Cass. The old man 'still lives' in the autumnal glories of a well spent life: is hale, hearty and worth four millions. His career has, indeed been successful. He speaks in foreboding language of our national prospects, and is strong in the belief that disunion will yet carry its banners over the Republic.

From the Albany Evening Journal, 15th.

A Mystery and a Tragedy.

Some days since, a man and a woman took lodgings at the Hudson River House, Lydius street, kept by Mrs. Lamb. The man represented himself as a chemist, in quest of employment, though for the want of employment in that line, he engaged himself, as he said, in repairing clocks, he being away from the hotel the greater part of the day. He gave his name as Job Ibbotson, and appeared to be well acquainted with a man who arrived at the hotel the same day as himself, but who appeared to have no legitimate occupation.

Ibbotson continued to pursue his self-styled occupation of repairing clocks, at least he absented himself from the hotel and invariably returned in company with his acquaintance.—Wednesday evening, the 5th inst., his wife, in company with a Mrs. Evans, went out for a walk, and while returning was taken very sick. Dr. Barent P. Staats was called, and in answer to his question as to whether she had taken anything, she answered that her husband had given her some pills which made her very sick.—Dr. Staats gave her some medicine and left.—The next morning Mrs. Lamb gave Ibbotson a dish of Coffee, and at dinner time a cup of tea to carry to his wife; but he gave her neither. Mrs. I., soon after being attacked, sank into a state of stupor, appeared to be partly conscious of what was going on around her, but could only answer interogatories in monosyllables.

She continued in this state until Monday, when Ibbotson appeared at the office of the Overseer of the Poor, and requested a permit to allow his wife to go to the Alms House.—This request Mr. Herbert refused, as Ibbotson was respectably dressed, and gave no reason why she should become a county charge. That afternoon he procured a carriage, and taking his wife into it, carried her to the Alms House, and representing that the lady was very sick, and asserting that Mr. Herbert had a permit made out which he would go and get, obtained her admission. He left but did not return.—Mrs. Ibbotson, when received at the Alms House was unable to speak, being stupid as if from the effects of drugs. She lingered until yesterday morning when she died. Her son, a lad of 17, called at the Alms house a few moments before she died, but departed very suddenly, and it is known left for Boston in the afternoon train. Almost immediately after her death, Mrs. I. commenced turning black and swelled to an enormous size.

The circumstances attending her death and those attending her case subsequent, with the singular conduct of Ibbotson, coming to the ears of Police Officer Hale, he determined to arrest Ibbotson, which he accomplished last evening, having apprehended him at his hotel, when he returned to tea.

Ibbotson was conveyed before Justice Parsons and interrogated at some length. He gave a very confused and contradictory statement, and among other things said that he was a silver-smith; that he was with his wife at Providence, R. I., at the time an extensive robbery was perpetrated upon a jewelry store in the day time, in May last; that his wife saw two men there whom she knew to be the parties who committed the robbery; that soon after they went to New York, and from there came to this city: and the two robbers also came up on the same boat, and were now in this city, one of them being at a hotel where he stopped, and the other dying from consumption somewhere in the city, but where he could not tell, and that he (Ibbotson) believed that they had drugged his wife, &c.

The charge of drugging he stoutly assert to be his belief, and states, as their motive, that they desired to get her out of the way, as two of the Providence police were or had been, in the city in pursuit of them.

There is not the least shadow of doubt but that there is deep, black villainy at the bottom of this transaction, and at whose door it lies is yet very uncertain.

A foul, sickly atmosphere pervaded the room he had occupied at the hotel, which was increased by the opening of a large tin box, containing a quantity of watch-repairers tools, some letters and papers, and a tumbler which had contained some nauseous drug. Among the papers was a marriage certificate of John Whitham, of Hepstonstall, England, by C. Rogers, curate. Also, a letter purporting to have come from his son and daughter, Joseph and Phillips Gros, Boston, directed to him in New York.—The remainder of the letters were of a business character in regard to employment, except two petitions for relief—stating that he was in indigent circumstances—that his wife had died of a disease of the heart, and that was unable to bury her.

A coroner's jury was summoned this morning, and a post mortem examination was instituted, the result of which has not been made public.

MELANCHOLY OCCURRENCE.

About five miles from Paris, on the Winchester road, lived two brothers, (mechanics,) Henry and Rudolph Stolsenburg, who have a negro woman hired to cook and keep house for them.

Shortly after eating dinner on Monday, the 6th inst., the two men and woman were seized with violent sickness, vomiting, purging, and intense abdominal pains. A suspicion of poison arose in the minds of the men, and one of them, with much difficulty, staggered to the door and called to Messrs. John and Henry Clay, who were going home from town, to send for a physician. A messenger was immediately despatched (about 4 P. M.) for Dr. Ray, of Paris, who arrived at the place about six P. M.

Before the arrival of Dr. R., the Messrs. Clay had investigated the matter, and found that they were poisoned by cooking their dinner in a copper-bottomed stew kettle, in which the remnants of their breakfast had stood till dinner.

Upon examiantion, Dr. Ray found a coating of acetate of copper (verdigris) covering a great part of the bottom of the stew-kettle, and he is confident that this was the cause of the melancholy event.

Rudolph died the next morning, after great suffering. Henry and the woman are in a fair way of recovery.

Dr. Ray very properly adds that this should be a warning to all house keepers, who should forthwith dispense with all copper vessels in preparing their food: not one should be used for any purpose except, perhaps, heating water.

All the salts of copper are very poisonous, and particularly the acetate (verdigris;) and this salt is easily and very quickly formed in copper vessels in which greasy or salt food has been cooked.

It may be stated that the health of a whole family may be greatly impaired by the use of copper vessels in the preparation of their daily food, even though they may not take enough each day to poison them outright—they nevertheless suffer what is called a "slow poison."—*Paris (Ky.) Citizen.*

Indian Battle at Ash Hollow.

A Thrilling Narrative, by one who saw it.

A Syracuse paper prints the following letter, from an officer under General Harney, giving an authentic account of the great battle with the Sioxus, Indians, in the "far West" Territories, in September, an imperfect report of which has been heretofore published:

CAMP ON BLUE RIVER CREEK,
190 miles west of Kearny, Sept. 6.

We arrived for the second time at Ash Hollow, on the 2d of September, and found by signs that the Sioux were not far off. We sent out spies that night and found that from 300 to 400 warriors were on Blue Water, five miles north of Hollow. Accordingly, we started at two o'clock on the morning of the 3d, with four companies of mounted men, and companies A. H. I and K, of the 6th infantry, on foot. We arrived near camp just at daylight, which was in a valley between the hills, and the Blue Water running through the centre, the most lovely place I ever saw. The infantry were placed in their front, and we in their rear. They were ready for us, having espied our movements in the night, by their watches. They came out, and their Chief talked some time to General Harney. But it was no use—General Harney said that he came there to whip them, and that they must fight. All this time the young warriors were daring us on; shaking their bows at us, etc. As soon as the ball was up the charge sounded loud and shrill, and at them we went, hammer and tongs. They were nearly all naked, and fought like devils.

In about ten minutes we started them, and with a hellish yell they started, helter skelter. The footmen with their minie rifles, brought them down fast, and the dragoons and mounted artillery all joined in the charge, and kept it up in a noble and gallant style. The commencement, charge, and from the first fire to the last, was over four hours, and not a tree nor a bush in the way. After the battle we counted over ninety dead warriors, besides the dead they carried off. It is estimated that a hundred and sixty at least were killed, and some say over two hundred were slain. We lost but five killed, vis: Fitzpatrick and Carrol, Co. G. 4th artillery, Capt. Pink, and privates Lyall and McDonald, of Co. K, 2d dragoons. Also 12 wounded in the dragoons. I don't know how many of the infantry were wounded. Sergeant Healey, of Co. C, is wounded in three places.—Sergeant Kitlass' horse was shot not three steps from me; in short, it was a hot and desperate fight. We took over 3,000 pounds of dried buffalo meat, 18 lodges, 40 ponies and mules, 38 squaws, and a raft of children. We are here now near the battle ground, and have so much plunder, taken from the Indians, that we can't move yet. We go to Fort Laramie, and expect another fight soon; God prevent it, for there is no fun in it—but if it must come, let it. We also lost several horses, killed and wounded. The dragoons numbered 180, and infantry 170, in all 350 men, to over 400 warriors, all well armed with rifles and bows.

We are nearly naked for clothes, shoes, &c. I don't know when we shall come home; I think about the middle of October. It is a very hard tramp. I have suffered some, and the duty of the men is very hard.

A Dreadful Crime.

When a crime of universal horror, and which has hitherto been a matter of rare occurrence, appears to have become a regular and a frequent thing, it is high time that it attracted separate legislation and pecular punishment.—Of such a character is the taking occasion to plunder the sufferers on the occasion of some terrible calamity, such as a railroad or steamboat disaster. And this enormity has, of late, become a settled thing—a matter requiring the most vigilant investigation and the severest correction. At the time of the Camden and Amboy disaster, we noted in several cotemporary papers accounts of the plunder of the dead and dying—we have more than once known it to be the case in lesser accidents—and we now learn from the St. Louis Republican that at the time of the late accident at the Gasconade bridge, numbers of wretches were on hand who, in place of aiding the wounded, began at once to strip them of their watches and other property. The Republican marvels whence those vultures came in such numbers, remarking that a terrible storm of thunder and rain was raging at the time, "but there they were, ready to rob the dead and to pick whatever valuables could be found, in the general confusion which followed for hours afterwards."

Did the case admit the supposition, we should suppose that the wretches in question had purposely caused the accident for the sake of plunder. If so, it was most ingeniously done, for as the bridge was new, the disaster would of course be attributed to its incompleteness.—The question is, however, of the frequency of this most unnatural, fiendish and wolfish crime of plundering the dead on such an occasion, and the necessity of establishing some punishment by law, in the different States for an offence which, from its horror, seems to demand a punishment equal in severity to any now within the scope of retributive justice.

It is not merely because the crime thrills by its terrific hard-heartedness that we would advocate for it separate legislation. We believe that a desire to plunder the sufferer is at the bottom of many railroad accidents and the cause of many deaths. Every week—we might almost say every day—we find among our exchanges the account of some "fiendish attempt" to cause a calamity by placing logs on railroad tracks, or by taking up rails. Why more calamities do not occur, or how it is that so many are detected in time to prevent them is a marvel and a mystery.

As civilization progresses, vice advances also, and new forms of wickedness and new phases of depraved humanity advance with it. Unfortunately justice, though she has iron hands, has also leaden feet, and her delay is invariably a cause of suffering. But we sincerely trust that this repetition of such soulless, fearful depravity, on such occasions as these accidents, will excite more attention than it has hitherto done, and that the result may be some adequate punishment. Of all the revolting pictures in fiction we can recall nothing more terrible than the description in Bulwer's Last of the Barons of the *camp followers* who plundered the dead—but in no work of fiction can we remember to have seen any account which, reduced to probability, ever equalled in atrocity this, of prowling among the wounded and dying in their last agonies, for the sake of paltry, petty theft.—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

Attempt to Ruin an Unprotected Female.

A few weeks since, a girl named Ida Schireiger, arrived from Hamburg at the port of Yarmouth, Me., *en route* for this city in search of some relations by the name of Jacobs, whom she supposed were living here. The captain of the vessel that brought her to this country, some days after her arrival at Yarmouth, placed her in charge of a railroad conductor named Eaton, and about ten days since she arrived in this city, and he took her to the National Hotel, and on the same night led her to a house of ill-fame in Greenwich street, and there attempted in her seduction, but failed in his purpose; and after conducting her back to the hotel, introduced her to a runner connected with one of the California steamship lines, and then abandoned her. The runner conveyed her to his apartment in Greenwich street, and there repeatedly attempted to effect her ruin, but he also failed to accomplish his purpose.—During this time no efforts had been made by either of the scoundrels to ascertain the whereabouts of her relatives, and yesterday she called upon Mr. Jacobs, of No. 407 Broadway, in hopes that he was the long-sought individual, but this proved not to be the case. Mr. Jacobs, however, interested himself in her behalf, and with the aid of Policeman Martin soon ascertained that the relative in question is master of a merchant vessel and at sea. Arrangements were then made to send her back to Yarmouth, there to remain until the arrival of the relative, and she started yesterday afternoon, under the protection of a gentleman.—*N. Y. Tribune*

Alleged Murder in Baltimore Co.—Arrest of the Accused.

During a late hour on Tuesday night, Lieutenant Wright, of the middle district watch, brought to that station a man named John T. Pattison, upon the charge of the felonious and willful shooting and murdering of John Grasslin, on the afternoon of the same day, on the Bell Air road, about three miles from the city. Justice Lawder was called to the case, and received the testimony of Kasper Kronninberger, a man who testified that a few minutes previous to the affair, he and the deceased were quietly walking along the road, when they were suddenly accosted by the accused, who, without the slightest provocation, took his gun and deliberately fired, the ball striking the deceased, and as he supposed, killing him instantly. He further stated that Pattison again snapped the gun at witness, but it failed to discharge. Witness then ran and gave the alarm to several persons in the neighborhood, who proceeded to the spot where the firing took place, and discovered the lifeless body of the deceased.

A party was then organized for the purpose of arresting the accused, which proved successful, after a vigilent search of more than three hours. The body of the deceased was removed to a dwelling in the vicintly, and preparations made to give the remains a respectful burial.—Justice Lawder upon hearing the evidence, which was not very definite on account of the want of an interpreter, promptly committed Pattison to jail to answer the above charge at Court. Dr. Stevens, coroner, yesterday morning went out to the place for the purpose of holding an inquest over the body. A post-mortem examination was held, when it was discovered the load of the gun had passed in the right side, between the upper portion of the liver and the lower portion of the lung, lacerating the parts, and carrying away the arteries of the heart and lacerating that organ. The jury rendered a verdict of death from the discharge of a gun in the hands of a person whose name was not known at the time, supposed to be John T. Pattison. The accused is well known. His residence is in Mott street, and he is a plasterer by trade.

SENTENCED TO DEATH.—Private William J. Dunn, of company G, mounted rifleman of the U. S. army, was recently tried by court-martial at Fort McIntosh, Texas, and senteneed to be hung for mutiny and the murder of Sergeant John Williams, of the same regiment and company, by shooting him with a revolver, at Lumpa Creek, El Passo road, Texas, on or about the 30th of June last. The sentence will be executed on the fourth Friday next succeeding the reception of the President's confirmation of it at Fort McIntosh.

SHOCKING MURDER.—A letter from Mount Pleasant, Tennessee, to the *Jackson Whig*, gives an account of an awful tragedy near Mount Pleasant on the 19th ult. On the morning of that day, Denson R. Moore, a planter and while intoxicated, took a revolvor and went into the yard, where, seeing his daughter, he deliberately fired at her, but missed her. His son, a young man, seeing the act started to prevent another shot at his sister, when Moore turned and fired at the young man, killing him instantly. The wretched man then went into an adjoining inclosure, and concealing himself in the grass, inflicted a deep cut on each arm, severing the arteries, with a view of taking his own life. The blood was stopped however, and the murderer was saved, probably, for a more terrible fate. There was no cause assigned for the horrible deed other than the maddening affects of liquor.

THE BOY AND MAN.

BY REV. J. S. C. ABBOTT.

A few years ago there was in the city of Boston a portrait painter whose name was Mr. Copley. He did not succeed very well in his business, and concluded to go to England and try his fortune there. He had a little son, whom he took with him, and whose name was John Singleton Copley.

John was a very studious boy, and made such rapid progress in his studies that his father sent him to college. There he applied himself so closely to his books, and became so distinguished a schollar that his instructors predicted that he would make a very eminent man.

After he graduated, he studied law. And when he entered upon the practice of his profession, his mind was richly stored with information, and so highly disciplined by his previous diligence that he almost immediately obtained celebrity. One or two cases of very great importance being entrusted to him, he managed them with so much wisdom and skill as to attract the admiration of the whole British nation.

The King and his cabinet seeing what a learned man he was, and the influence he had acquired, felt it important to secure his services for government. They raised him from one post of honor to another, till he was created Lord High Chancellor to England—the very highest post of honor to which a subject can attain; so that John Singleton Copley is now Lord Lyndhurst, Lord High Chancellor of England. About 60 years ago he was a poor portrait painter, hardly able to get his bread.

Now John is at the head of the nobility in England: one of the most distinguished men in talent and power in the House of Lords, and regarded with reverence and respect by the whole civilized world. This is the reward of industry. The studious boy became the useful and respected man.

Had John S. Copley spent his school-boy days in idleness he probably would have passed his manhood in poverty and shame. But he studied in school when other boys were idle; he studied in college when other young men were wasting their time; he ever adopted as his motto: "ULTRA PERGERE," (press onward,) and how rich has been his reward!

You, my young friends, are now laying the foundation for your future life.

You are every day at school deciding the question whether you will be useful and respected in life, or whether your manhood shall be passed in mourning over the follies of your mispent boyhood.

The Jug Without a Bottom.

On the bridge that crosses the Grand Rapids we met a hale old man and his wife, with eleven sons, seven daughters, and thirty-seven grand-children, with numerous horses, calves, sheep, and furniture of antiquated appearance: among which were to be seen cradles for babies, cradles for grain, spinning wheels, pots and kettles, and almost everything requisite for a settlement such as fifty blood relations will make in Grand River country. After the train stopped, we made some inquiries, and asked the old gentleman what use could be made of a bottomless jug, which was carefully stowed away among his domestic equipments, and received the following reply:

"Why, sir, I am a man of many years, and have worked other people's land all my days, and paid from four to nine bushels of wheat per acre for doing it—and have all the time used a jug with a bottom in it, by which all my profits have been wasted, and I was sick of feeding both landlord and rumseller—so I sent seven of my boys to Mexico to fight for their country. They all got back safe, and bought seven sections of land; that will be mine without rent. And now you see that this shall hold all the whiskey and rum that will be used in my whole family while I have control of them. Old General Taylor told my son John that a jug without a bottom was the best kind of a jug to put liquor in, and I believe it."

GOOD.—A man who is very rich now, was very poor when a boy. When asked how he got his riches, he replied: "My father taught me never to play till my work was finished, and never to spend my money till I had earned it. If I had but an hour's work a day, I must do that the very first thing, in an hour. After it was done I was allowed to play with much more pleasure than if the thought of an unfinished task obtruded upon my mind. I early formed the habit of doing everything in turn, and it soon became perfectly easy to do so. It is to this I owe my prosperity." Let every boy who reads this go and do likewise.

A Good Wife!

The good wife! How much of this world's happiness and prosperity, says Mr. Burnap, is contained in the compass of these two short words? Her influence is immense. The power of a wife, for good or for evil, is altogether irresistible. Home must be the seat of happiness, or it must be forever unknown. A good wife is to man wisdom, and courage, and strength, and hope and endurance; a bad one is confusion, weakness, discomfiture, despair. No condition is hopeless when the wife possesses firmness, decision, energy, economy. There is no outward prosperity which can counteract indolenee, folly, and extravagance at home. No spirit can long exist bad domestic influences.—Man is strong, but his heart is not adamant.—He delights in enterprise and action, but to sustain him he needs a tranquil mind and a whole heart. He expands his moral force in the conflicts of the world. His feelings are easily lacerated to the utmost point of endurance by perpetual collision, irritation and disappointment. To recover his equanimity and composure, home must be to him a place of repose, of cheerfulness, of comfort; and his soul renews his strength, and again goes forth with fresh vigor to encounter the labor and troubles of the world. But if at home he finds no rest, and is there met by a bad temper, sullenness or gloom, or is assailed by discontent, complaint, and reproaches, the heart breaks, the spirits are crushed, hope vanishes, and the man sinks in total despair! Let woman know, then, the ministers at the very fountaim of life and happiness. It is her hand that deals out, with overflowing cup, its soul-refreshing waters, or casts in the branch of bitterness, which makes them poison and death. Her ardent spirit breathes the breath of life into all enterprise. Her patience and constancy are mainly instrumental in carrying forward to completion the best human designs. Her more delicate moral sensibility is the unseen power which is ever at work to purify and refine society. And the nearest glimpse of Heaven that mortals ever get on earth is that domestic circle which her hands have trained to intelligence, virtue, and love, which her gentle influence pervades, and of which her radiant presence is the centre and the sun.

The Saints in the Wilderness.

According to the last advices from Utah, the Salt Lake Saints were experiencing the effects of a financial crisis. Some of the brethren sent out to expediate the emigration had run governor Brigham into debt about fifty thousand dollars, which shows that Utah is in pretty good credit. The holders of the drafts called on the leader, hunted him up for the cash "before," as he expressed it, "they could find time to save their beards," which troubled him so much that he went incontinently and preached a sermon on the suject, being, "from this time forth do not fret thy gizzard." In this curious address he declared that he will pay them when he can and not before. The poor, he said, had got the money, they must have confidence and wait. Brigham does not appear to have any desire to repudiate, for he offered, at the conclusion of his address, to sell sixty thousand dollars worth of property to pay off these claims, at the same time he gave many a hard hit to the brethren who still owed the church. He wanted these persons to apostatise, for they were sure, he said to take advantage of their brethren and leave in the end.

HEAVY ROBBERIES.—On Tuesday a man who had been for several years in California, arrived in this city and put up at the Irving House.—He had with him $4,000 in gold which he left in his trunk instead of depositing in the safe of the hotel. His room was entered by means of a false key the same evening, and every dollar carried off by some unknown thief. The police were immediately notified, and are now endeavoring to find the offender, but their success is doubtful.

On the same evening an aged gentleman was passing through West street, in the vicinity of Washington Market, when his breast pocket was cut out and $2,100 in bank bills, and a certified check for $800 carried off. So dexterously was the operation performed, that he was unaware of it until informed by another person. The money stolen was nearly all he possessed, and he was so affected by the loss that he fainted in the street, and remained senseless until a physician was called and restored him. His residence is in the interior of the State.—*N. Y. Cour.*

HORRIBLE RAILROAD ACCIDENT.

At 7 o'clock last evening, as an engine was backing up towards the depot across the bridge, Mr. James Parsons—brother of ex-Alderman Thomas Parsons—who superintends the sawmill at the east end of the bridge, was struck down by the locomotive, and dragged or rolled the whole length of the bridge, mangled dreadfully, and his head so mutilated that it was impossible to identify the body by the features. It was dark, and the accident was not discovered until the engine had passed into the depot, leaving the body by the side of the track. Several persons who came up to the spot immediately recognized the remains as those of Mr. Parsons. Search was made, when it was ascertained that he had probably just stepped out of his office, at the northeast corner of the bridge, and was immediately caught by the backing engine, thrown upon the track, and carried along by the wheels. His hat was found near his office, and his cane some 30 feet from it. The first blow must have killed him, as the brain was scattered near the spot where he must have received the shock. A lady who was crossing the bridge at the time, stated that she saw the man rolling under the car wheels. The body was picked up near the switch house, just beyond the eastern entrance to the depot.

THE BEDFORD GAZETTE.

Bedford, Dec. 7, 1855.

G. W. Bowman, Editor and Proprietor.

DEDICATION.

The new Methodist E. Church near Alexander Compher's in Friend's Cove will be dedicated to the worship of Almighty God on Sunday next at 11 o'clock, A. M. Rev. CLEMM from Cumberland and other Ministers of the Gospel are expected to be in attendance.

J. T. PHELPS.

☞The editor was, on last Monday week, called to Philadelphia on business connected with the office of Adjutant General, and *we* not having sufficient force were unable to get out are regular issue. We will make it all right in the end.

Meeting of Congress.

☞Congress met on Monday last. In consequence of putting our paper to press early in the week, we are unable to give the result of its deliberations. The impression on Saturday was, that the Northern fusion would come together in the organization of the House, and that they would elect their officers. All branches of the Northern opposition to the Democratic party will be brought together, and in favor of Mr. HENRY M. FULLER, of Pennsylvania, for Speaker, and WILLIAM CULLOM, Anti-Nebraska Whig, from Tennessee, for Clerk. A compromise has been effected, so as to withdraw the other candidates for Clerk in favor of Cullom. We shall be able in our next issue probably, to tell who are the successful candidates. Should the House organize this week, we will take the earliest opportunity to lay the President's Message before our readers.

☞By reference to our advertising columns it will be seen that Mr. SPANG offers for sale the property of the late Thomas Keffee. This property is pleasantly located being in the centre of the town, and is well adapted for two families.

☞The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania decided at Pittsburg recently, that the Sunday Liquor law of 1851 was repealed by the law of 1855. The law of 1851 is, according to the Supreme Court, a local one, that of 1855 a general one.

THE LIQUOR LAW IN LANCASTER.—The Grand Jury have ignored all the bills against the tavern keepers returned from the city and county, and in several cases put the costs upon the prosecutors; although in many instances there was abundant evidence to substantiate the charges made against them, viz: the violation of the Liquor Law.

☞The Poor Directors met on Thursday last and made the following appointments. Physician —Dr. B. F. HARRY—Treasurer—GEO. W. BLYMIRE—Clerk—THOS. R. GETTYS, Jr.

Mr. Buchanan and the London Times.

The following is a copy of the contradiction forwarded by Mr. BUCHANAN, the American Minister at London, to the editors of the London *Times*, in refutation to the article which appeared in that paper charging him with having made certain assurances to the members of the British ministry on the subject of war with Russia, and especially in relation to the British enlistments in this country for the Crimea. Its mild and temperate tone contrasts admirably with the violent and vituperative character of the charges of the *Times*; and yet, notwithstanding it was forwarded to the editors of that journal nearly a month ago, they had refused to make any correction up to the period of the departure of the steamer Canada. We are not disposed to comment at length upon such an exhibition as this. The act of attributing to the American minister expressions infamously false, followed up by stubborn declension to publish his calm and respectful contradiction, proves a foregone determination of misrepresentation which would be unworthy of the most irresponsible journal.—Such conduct speaks for itself:

"The American minister presents his compliments to the editors of the *Times*, and assures them that they have been 'misinformed' with respect to the expressions and conduct attributed to him in the leading article of this morning. Always mindful of the neutrality of his government, which he fully approves, it was with deep regret he learned, as he first did from Washington, that attempts were made in the United States to recruit soldiers for the British army; because he felt confident that these attempts would tend to weaken the friendly relations between the two countries which it has been his ardent desire, ever since his arrival in England, to cherish and promote.

"The American minister can, of course, enter into no discussion in the public journals of questions between the two governments, or state what is or what is not contained in any correspondence which may have arisen out of these questions; but he has felt it due both to the *Times* and himself to make this prompt correction.

"56 Harley street, London, Nov. 1, 1855."

MISSISSIPPI ELECTION.—The majority for McRae (Dem) for Governor is about 7000. Lake's majority over Singleton, (Dem.) in the Vicksburg district, is about 200. The Democrats have four Congressmen and the Legislature, thus securing their U. S. Senator.

THE TRUTH ADMITTED.

It will be remembered that immediately after the enactment of the bloody scenes which characterized the Louisville election, the Know-Nothing papers everywhere attempted to fasten the responsibility of these sanguinary outrages upon the Democratic party and its friends. Pious editors labored ardently to convince the public that Know-Nothingism was not to blame for these outrages—that the supporters of that party were beyond censure—that Democracy, and Democracy alone, was to shoulder the awful responsibility. Conscious of its innocence, the organs of the Democratic party remained calm, and quietly awaited for time to clear the record. The *National Intelligencer*, a paper which stands confessedly at the head of the opposition to Democracy in the Union, thus speaks on this subject. We ask the candid of all parties to read:

"After a careful examination of all that we have seen bearing on the point, after an unprejudiced study of the articles that have appeared on the subject in the Louisville Journals, we believe that the blood of the slain is on the hands of the Know-Nothings. The proofs are many, and convincing."

A MOB IN LONDON APPEASED BY MR. BUCHANAN.—A Washington letter says—

"Last night the President received a telegraphic dispatch from some person in New York relating to a rumor or statement brought by passengers in the Pacific, to the effect that a crowd or mob, very much excited by the representation that the Ministry designed to go to war with the United States, assembled around Lord Palmerston's house, in a threatening and resentful manner, and that Mr. Buchanan appeared before them and gave them satisfactory assurances that there was no danger of the occurrence of a war between the two countries, and that so far from having demanded his passports, in consequence of any difficulty, the correspondence between him and the Government had been of a very amicable nature. How much truth there may be in this dispatch I cannot undertake to judge; but it appears that the *Times'* article, if it could raise a mob, could not much affect United States securities on the stock exchange.

ONE WEEK LATER FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Atlantic.

NEW YORK, Nov. 30.

The steamship Atlantic, from Liverpool, with dates to Saturday, the 17th inst., arrived at her wharf this evening at 9 o'clock.

The Atlantic left Liverpool at 4 o'clock, P. M., on the 17th, and having 175 passengers.—She experienced heavy westerly gales for the last ten days.

The Atlantic arrived off Liverpool on the 11th inst., and the St. Louis the same day at Southampton.

The War.

The latest despatch from the seat of war report officially from Lord Stratford Redcliffe, a victory gained on the fifth of November, by Omar, Pasha, over a force of ten thousand Russians, mostly Georgian malitia, at the river Ingoar, which Omar Pasha with the Turks 20,000 strong crossed four different points, taking 60 prisoners, three guns, and causing a loss of four hundred killed and wounded. The Turkish loss is 300.

A private despatch which evidently refers to the same encounter, say the Turks crossed the river Anakava and stormed the Russian redoubts, after which they pushed forward towards Kulcis.

Kars was still beseiged, but appearances indicated that the Russians will retire to Tiflis.

There is nothing new from the Crimea.—Both armies are wholly occupied in hutting purposes for the winter.

Only a few ships remain in the Dnieper.—The bulk of the fleet is returning to Constantinople.

A desultary fire is kept up between the North and South side of Sebastopol, and the fortifications of both sides are being augmented.

The latest dates by letter are to the 3d of November. The weather continues very fine.

The latest despatch from Gortschakoff, dated November 5th, says there is nothing new in the Crimea. The enemy continue to occupy the valley of Baldar, where they have two divisions.

A Russian cadet who had deserted, reported that Gortschakoff had determined to hazard an attack upon the Allies, who were in consequence, every night reinforcing their advanced posts, and supporting them with field artillery.

Count Zamerski has been appointed to raise and command a division of Cossacks and Poles for the British service.

RUMORS OF PEACE.—Rumors of peace are extremely prevalent, but vague. Diplomacy is active, especially at Stockholm, Vienna and Brussels.

THE WAR IN THE CRIMEA—second despatch. —A St. Petersburg despatch says, the Emperor left Nicolaeff on the 7th of November, for the Crimea, to thank in person, Gortschakoff's army. He returned via Moscow to St. Petersburg.

Up to the 12th November, the Allies had not undertaken anything in the Crimea.

The exportation of breadstuffs had been prohibited in all the Turkish ports, and importations allowed duty free.

A portion of the French fleet had arrived in Biscos Bay.

A private despatch says Russia has absolutely prohibited the export of breadstuffs. Sweden is expected to follow her example.

The Allied fleets at the mouth of the Bug and Dneiper had been reduced twenty-eight vessels.

FRANCE.—The formal closing of the Paris exhibition, and the distribution by the Emperor of the decorations and medals adjudged, took place on the 15th. The list of American premiums has not been received. The Emperor made a brief address, extolling the benefits of the exhibition. In allusion to the war he said:—

"You desire, as I do, a speedy and desirable peace; but this peace, to be durable, must distinctly realize the objects for which the war was undertaken. Europe must declare who is right and who is wrong, and a final victory be achieved by public opinion.

He called on foreign countries desiring peace, to pronounce for or against the Allies, and argued that without peace or rest the foregoing of these arms was necessary to carry out the objects of the Alliance.

Pardon of Dr Beale.

Dr. Stephen T. Beale was on Thursday released from his confinement in Moyamensing Prison. Gov. Pollock signed the pardon on Wednesday, and the same evening the Chief Clerk in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth, started to the city with the document. Gov. Pollock, in the instrument extending executive clemency to Dr. Beale, sets forth the reasons which had induced him to grant the pardon.

He had received communications from about one hundred and forty dentists and twenty-three physicians, of the city, stating their belief that testimony as to matters transpiring under the influence of ether is unsafe and unreliable; from a number of other physicians named, that they believe him innocent; from a large number of the bar, and citizens of various States, including the names of Governors, Attorneys-General, &c., that they believe he was convicted on insufficient testimony; from a number of clergyman, that they believe him innocent; from the Mayor of Philadelphia, and sixty members of the Philadelphia City Councils; from members of the Legislature, Judges of the Supreme Court, editors of Philadelphia newspapers, and five thousand other citizens of Pennsylvania and of New York, with five of the jury on the trial, all asking for his pardon. After enumerating all these facts, the Governor says:

And whereas the Board of Inspectors of the said Philadelphia County Prison, (as appears by their communication on file in the office of the Secretary of the Commonwealth,) have unanimously recommended the pardon of the said Dr. Stephen T. Beale, because, in their opinion, the end contemplated by the law in the moral reform of the prisoner, had been attained—because full and ample satisfaction has been rendered to public sentiment by the imprisonment he has already undergone, because his health is undoubtedly breaking down under the sufferings of body and mind which he has already endured, and because the destitute condition of his aged parents and bereaved and sorrowing wife and children imperatively demand the presence and support of their son, husband and father.

And whereas, after a full and careful examination of the facts and evidence in the case, aided by the scientific discussions to which it has given rise, (without any intention to reflect upon the prosecutrix, who no doubt testified to what she believed did occur—nor to impugn the integrity of the learned Judge who tried the case, nor the honesty of the jury who convicted the prisoner,) *I am now satisfied* that the defendant, Dr. Stephen T. Beale, is *not guilty* of the crime whereof he stands charged, and was convicted upon evidence unreliable in its character and insufficient in amount.

I do, therefore, in consideration of the premises, pardon the said Dr. Stephen T. Beale of the crime whereof he is convicted as aforesaid, and he is hereby fully pardoned accordingly.—*Pennsylvanian.*

From the New Orleans Picayune of Nov. 3.

The Election Riots in N. Orleans—Death at the Polls.

Two Men Killed—Several Wounded—The Ballot Boxes Broken in Two Precincts.

We had hoped that the election yesterday would have been one of the most quiet that was ever held in this city, and the orderly manner in which matters were conducted during the early part of the day seemed to indicate that the hope was well founded. Unfortunately, as noon approached, an excitement commenced at the Eighteenth Precinct, having its origin, as we learn, in a contest for precedence in approaching the polls. Major Henry Blaize, (one of the officers of a German military company,) who assumed a championship on the the Democratic side, struck one of the Americans, and thereupon half a dozen revolvers were drawn on him. He started to run, and some eighteen or twenty shots were fired at him. One bullet took effect in his thigh, another in his foot, and a third one passed across his breast. We counted eleven shots in a board fence, all of which had been fired at Blaize.

Soon after several fights ensued, and among others, E. D. White, a city contractor, was badly beaten and wounded.

The difficulty occurred at the Twentieth Precinct. How it commenced we could not ascertain, but of the bloody issue we are certain. A man named Antoine Feller, a native of France, who had his naturalization papers in his hand, was stabbed in the centre of the abdomen by some body—who we could not ascertain. His friends put him in a cab and conveyed him to the Charity Hospital, but he was dead before he arrived there. An Inquest will be held on his body to-day, or as soon as witnesses can be procured.

Towards evening Dr. Sherrer, who kept a drug store at the corner of Greatman and St. Ferdinand streets, was fatally wounded by a pistol shot at the polling booth of the twentieth precinct. It is said that he went to the poll with his naturalization papers in one hand and a pistol in the other, and that being opposed by an American, he fired at him, and wounded him in the arm. The American then returned the fire, and the shot proved fatal. The deceased had occasionally been subject to fits of insanity.

A man named Antoine was also shot in his leg; several shots were fired at James Boylan while he was on horseback, and a German was stabbed or wounded in his face.

Towards 11 o'clock, P. M., a party of men broke into the Ninth Precinct, and destroyed the ballot-box, with its contents. There is said to have been a Democratic majority of 60 or 70 in this Precinct.

At midnight, a crowd—probably the same one that destroyed the ballot-box in the Ninth Precinct—forced their way into the engine house, where the Inspectors of the Seventh Precinct were engaged in counting the votes. They at once forced the inspectors and clerks to retire, when they seized on the ballot-box and utterly demolished both it and the ballots. There were, in this precinct, 894 votes cast; and, previous to the destruction of the box, it had been ascertained that the Democratic majority on the State ticket was 213.

INTERVIEW BETWEEN GEN. JACKSON and Hon. Stephen A. Douglass.

The following notice of an interview between Gen. Jackson and Judge Douglas of Illinois may be found in one of the recent histories of the Old Hero, and possesses unusual interest:

While attending the Nashville convention of August, 1844, we visited the Hermitage (only twelve miles distant) in comyany with Judge Douglas of Illinois, and some of our fellow-citizens. The Hermitage was crowded with people from almost every State, who had been invited thither by the venerable patriot the day succeeding the convention. Governor Clay, of Alabama, was near Gen. Jackson, who was himself sitting on a sofa in the hall of his residence, and as each person entered, Gov. Clay introduced him to the hero, and he passed along. When Judge Douglass was thus introduced to him, Gen. Jackson raised his brilliant eyes, and gazed for a moment in the countenance of the Judge, still retaining his hand. "Are you the Mr. Douglas of Illinois who delivered a speech last session on the subject of the fine imposed on me for declaring martial law at New Orleans?" asked Gen. Jackson. "I have delivered a speech in the House of Representatives upon that subject," was the modest reply of our friend. "Then stop;" said Gen. Jackson, "sit down here *beside me!* I desire to return you my thanks for that speech. You are the first man that has ever relieved my mind on that subject which has rested on it for thirty years. My enemies have always charged me with violating the constitution of my country by declaring martial law at New Orleans; and my friends have always admitted the violation, but have contended that the circumstances justified me in that violation. I never could understand how it was that the performance of a solemn duty to my country—a duty which, if I had neglected to perform, would have made me a traitor in the sight of God and man—could properly be pronounced a violation of the Constitution. I felt convinced, in my own mind, that I was not gnilty of such heinous offence; but I could never make out a legal justification of my course, nor has it ever been done, sir, until, you, on the floor of Congress, at the late session, established it beyond the possibility of cavil or doubt. I thank you for that speech; it has relieved my mind from the only circumstance that rested painfully upon it. Throughout my whole life, I never performed an official act which I view as a violation of the constitution of my country, and I can now go down to the grave in peace, with perfect consciousness that I have not broken at any period of my life the constitution of my country."

Know-Nothing Democrats.

There are doubtless (says the North Carolina Standard) still some democrats who linger in the Know Nothing ranks—democrats who, in an unguarded hour, were induced to connect themselves with the Order, and who regret it, and would be glad to be once more in full communion with their former party associates. To all such we say, break the bonds that are upon you, *and come back to the old democratic party.* What can you promise yourselves, and what can you do for your country, by remaining where you are? You perceive, as we all do, that the Know-Nothing organization was not needed—that it has failed in the Southern States—that it is hopelessly fused and abolitionized in the free States—and that as a *national* organization, it no longer exists. The old democratic party is, after all, the only true *national American* party. The records of all our past history prove this, and the future is full of hope for the country through the same old party. Come back, then, those of you who have honestly gone astray, and the democracy will receive you with open arms. The great contest of 1856 will soon commence. Range yourselves at once under the democratic banner, and among your old friends, and aid us in achieving a victory for the Constitution, the Union, and the rights of the States. 'Tarry not in all the plain,' but escape now to the mountain of democracy, and all will be well. Do this, and in November, 1856, after the battle shall have been fought and won, each of you can say, "I too assisted in achieving this great victory, by which the rights of every section have been shielded and the Union of these States preserved."

Gambling for a Wife.

The Hamilton, (C. W,) Banner furnishes the following illustration of the evil effects of gaming:

A military officer, residing at the time of the occurrence we are about to mention in one of the small towns on the southern coast of Ireland, was passionately fond of gambling, and one night after losing all his money and other valuables at the gaming table, offered to stake his wife, a lovely woman, against all that his opponent had won from him. The offer was accepted, the game played, and the officer beaten. The wife, indignant at her lord's seeming want of affection, and little knowing the infatuation of gambling, determined on becoming the property of the winner. The husband's honor being at stake—he could offer no objection; the wife, who had no children, accompanied her new master, and the poor victim to the hellish passion of gambling became a maniac! Often and often have we met the poor fellow on the sea shore, his hands behind his back, gazing intently across the broad, expansive ocean, as if he expected the return of her on whom his soul had doated, and still remembered, from its bosom—wild and tempestuous as his own—but she never came.

☞We may prevent the grass growing under our feet while living, but we cannot prevent its flourishing over our heads when dead

All-Saints' Day in New Orleans.

The Delta of the 2d inst. says: "As has been our custom for years on All-Saints' Day, we yesterday evening visited the several cemeteries of the city, to enjoy, in common with the great majority of the people of New Orleans, the grand pageant presented by these decorated cities of the dead. With difficulty we edged our way through the crowds of all ages, sexes, colors, and conditions, that jammed up the entrance to these homes of departed and soon found ourselves in the midst of life and pleasure than of death and sorrow. The tombs were decked out in all the flowers, immortal draperies, and other insignia of mortality that the love of friends and relatives could devise, or their means procure, to ornament, the last earthly resting-places of their friends and relatives dead; and winding the way among the gaily-decked tombs were throngs of beautiful ladies and smiling children in holiday attire, and busy, bustling men, whose thoughts appeared to be entirely absorbed in the present."

For the Bedford Gazette.

FAREWELL, GEORGY.

Farewell, Georgy, thou hast left us
For a bright and heavenly sphere,
Providence has thus bereft us
Of a friend and brother dear.

Farewell, Georgy, thou art happy,
Whilst in our bosom grief doth swell,
Mourning here thy long, long absence,
Farewell, Georgy, fare-thee well.

Farewell, Georgy, we in sadness
By thy lifeless body stand,
While thy spirit waits in gladness
In the bright and heavenly land.

Farewell, Georgy, gone forever,
Never more on earth to dwell,
And thy pleasing voice shall never
More salute us, fare-thee well.

Frewell, Georgy, gently sleeping
With a smile upon thy brow,
Which does seem to chide our weeping
For thee who art happy now.

Farewell, Georgy, thou must moulder
Underneath the cold, cold ground,
Never more shall we behold thee
Till the last loud trump shall sound.

Farewell, Georgy, thy calm features
Plainly tell us all is well,
Yet it pains our hearts to leave thee
And to say a last, farewell,

Farewell, Georgy, may we meet thee,
Where the heavenly chorous swell
Midst the happy we shall greet thee
Never more to say farewell!

D. O. S.

Rainsburg Institute, Nov. 5, 1855.

MARRIED:

On the evening of the 22d ult. at the Lutheran Parsonage by the Rev. F. Benedict, Mr. IRVIN H. PILE, and Miss DORAH B. SCHLEARGER, both of Somerset, Pa.

On the 22d also, by the Rev. H. Heckerman, Mr. HENRY B. PENSYL, to Miss EVE ANN HERSHBERGER, all of Bedford township.

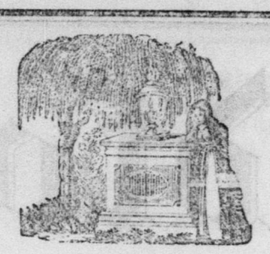
On the 2nd by the Rev. H. Heckerman, Mr. WILLIAM OYLER to Miss ELIZABETH MILLER, both of Snake Spring Valley.

FINAL NOTICE.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the late firm of SANSOM & MILLER, either by note or Book account, will do well to have them settled by the first of January, 1855, after that time they will be place in the hands of a proper officer for collection.

A. J. SANSOM,
Surviving Partner.

Dec. 7, 1855.—3t.



DIED,

At Cincinnati, Ohio, on the evening of the 15th ult., after an illness of only a few days, MR. ROBERT HAZLETT, aged 43 years 4 months and 3 days.

It is with sorrow and pain that we are called upon to record the death of this gentleman, and confess our feelings are averse to the task. The many virtues, however, which adorned his character as a Christian and Philanthropist, are worthy both to be admired and imitated. He was a man proverbial for his goodness of heart—always ready and willing to releave the distressed by contributing to their wants, and by words of kindness and sympathy binding up the broken and wounded heart. At the tender age of sixteen years—when the world to him with all its sinful allurements was most to be desired—he yielded to the gentle wooings of the holy spirit, and gave his heart to God. He immediately connected himself with M. E. Church, and from that time up to the hour of his departure continued, within its folds, a consistent and devoted member, and at the time of his death was a Trustee, Class-leader and Sabbath School Teacher. As Trustee, the Church has lost an efficient officer, and his class members an affectionate and kind leader. No more will his voice be heard to cheer and encourage the tempted people of God; no more will the tear drop from the eye, or the heart swell with emotion of gratitued, as he would hear them speak of the "goodness of God." In the Sabbath school his vacancy will not be easily filled; teaching he was proficient as an instructor, always endeavoring to point those under his charge to the "Lamb of God that taketh away the sins of the World."

Mr. HAZLETT leaves a wife and six children (four of whom are under six years of age.) To them the stroke is terrible and blasting—and long will their hearts bleed in consequence of their irreparable loss, and whilst they may think their affliction is too great to be born, they should remember "God tempers the winds unto the shorn lamb." The wife has lost a dutiful and affectionate husband—the children an indulgent and kind father. But he has gone to his rest! He early applied for pardon and received it with the assurance if he was faithful unto the end, a crown of everlasting rejoicing would be his inheritance.—Nobly did he endure the temptations and trials incident to a Christian's life—faithfully did he discharge his duties—and when he came to die he had the God he loved to worship to be bear him through the conflict with death, and triumphantly passed over the Jordan, when

"Churebic legions conveyed him home
And shout him welcome to the skies."

Oh! how consoling to his mourning friends to know that he has reached the haven of eternal rest; that he is with his Redeemer to enjoy blessings forever more.

"Almighty God! 'tis right, 'tis just
The earthly frame should turn to dust;
But oh! the sweet, transporting truth,
The *soul* shall bloom in endless youth."

B. F. L.

On the 19th MRS. MARGARET ICKES, daughter of James L. Anderson, Esq., of Bedford township, aged 19 years and 7 months.

ATTENTION BLUES!

Notice is hereby given that a parade of the "Cumberland Valley Blues" will be held on the 8th of December next, when all the members of the Company are requested to turn out.

By order of the Captain,
J. SIMONS, O. S.

Nov. 23, 1855.

A SECOND SUPPLY OF FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public that he has just received from the eastern cities, and is now exhibiting AT CHEAP SIDE, a general assortment of new style fall and

Winter Goods,

comprising a great variety of LADIES'

DRESS GOODS,

of the latest styles; such in part as Black and Fancy Silks, Merinoes, Cashmers, Coburg and Thibet Cloths, Alpaccas, Mousselin Delaines, Mousseline De Beges, Fancy Prints, from a fip up, Muslin, bleached and unbleached, from a fip up, all widths, Thibet and Bay State Shawls, Blue, Black, Brown and Olive French Cloths, Sup'r Black and Fancy Cassimeres, Tweeds, Cassinetts, Jeans, Vestings, Merino Shirts and Drawers, Hats and Caps, Boots and Shoes in great variety, &c., &c.

GROCERIES,

Sup'r Golden Syrup and N. O. Molasses, best Rio and Java Coffee, N. O. clarified, crushed, and granulated Sugars, Spices, Teas, Chocolate, Extract of Coffee, Rice, Tobacco, Drugs and Oils, together with every other article adapted to the wants of the people, all which he is determined to sell CHEAP FOR CASH, or approved produce.

He respectfully invites all in search of bargains to give him a call before purchasing.—Thankful for past favors he hopes by fair dealing, and a desire to please, to continue to merit and receive a liberal share of the public patronage.

GEO. W. RUPP.

Dec. 7, 1855.

Notice.

The undersigned, appointed by the Court of Common Pleas in and for the County of Bedford, to distribute to and amongst creditors, the moneys remaining in the hands of George F. Riddle, assignee of Israel and Simon Oppenhimer, will attend to the duties of his appointment on Monday the 17th day of December inst. at his office in the Borough of Bedford, when and where all parties interested can attend.

JOHN P. REED, Auditor.

Dec. 7, 1855.

Notice.

The subscriber appointed by the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, to distribute the moneys in the hands of John Cessna and Alexander King, Esqr's Trustee for the sale of the real estate of Meshack Edwards, late of Broadtop township, deceased, to and amongst those legally entitled to recieve the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in the Borough of Bedford, on Wednesday the 19th day of December inst. when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

JOHN P. REED, Auditor.

Dec. 7, 1855.

BOOK BINDING STORE.

The subscriber would respectfully inform the Public that he still continues to carry on the

BOOK BINDING,

in No. 8 of the Franklin Buildings Chambersburg; where all binding entrusted to his care will be punctually attended to, and bound with neatness and care.

He still continues to keep on hand a good assortment of RELIGIOUS, HISTORICAL Miscellaneous Blank and School Books, Stationery &c., which he will sell on moderate terms.

THOS. W. WRIGHT.

Dec. 7, 1855.

CORN and BUCKWHEAT MEAL for sale by G. W. RRUPP.

Dec. 7, 1855.

IF you want cheap Goods call at Cheap sides.

A new Buggy for sale by G. W. RUPP.

Dec. 7, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE TOWN PROPERTY!

By virtue of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at public vendue or outcry, on the premises, in the Borough of Bedford, on SATURDAY, the 29th day of December inst., the following described Real Estate, to wit:

All that House and Lot of ground situate on West Pitt street, in the Borough of Bedford, numbered 33 in the general plan of said Borough, and bounded as follows, viz: On the East by a twenty feet alley, on the West by Lot No. 34, on the North by Pitt Street aforesaid, and on the South by a twenty feet alley, extending sixty feet front on Main Street and running South two hundred and forty feet to the Southern boundary aforesaid, late the property of THOMAS KEEFFE, deceased—and now in the occupancy of Maj. S. DAVIS, and Wm. KISER.—This property is pleasantly located, the improvements are in good repair—and persons desiring a comfortable private residence will do well to examine it!

TERMS—Cash.

Sale to commence at 2 o'clock, P. M.

G. H. SPANG,
Administrator of the Estate of Thomas Keeffe, deceased.

Dec. 7, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
900 *ACRES OF LAND!*

By virtue of sundry orders of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned will offer at Public sale, on the premises, in Bean's Cove, Southampton township, on SATURDAY the 29th day of December next, the following Real Estate, to wit:

The one undivided half part of 771 acres, late the property of Solomon Rice, deceased, adjoining lands of Jacob Clitz, Benjamin Wigfield, Daniel Folk and others. This land lies ten miles from Cumberland and three miles from the Turnpike leading thereto. 150 acres are cleared—the balance well timbered. The Improvements are Three Log Dwelling Houses and Double Log Barn. There is also an orchard and 4 springs of excellent water upon the premises. This property can be divided so as to suit two or more purchasers.

On the same day will be offered for sale the real Estate of Otho Wilson, deceased, adjoining the above and containing 152 acres, about 50 cleared and under fence. The Improvements are a double log House and Barn. There are several acres of good meadow land, and that not cleared is well timbered

☞TERMS:—One-third on the 11th of February, 1856, and the balance in two equal anual payments without interest.

O. E. SHANNON,
Trustee for the Sale of the Real Estate of Solomon Rice, deceased.
HUGH WILSON,
Trustee of Otho Wilson's Estate.

Dec. 7, 1965.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will offer at Public Sale on WEDNESDAY the 26th day of December next, at the late residence of Abraham Sparks, deceased, in West Providence Township, at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, his four contiguous and adjoining tracts of land, situate in said township, and containing in all 305 acres.

The number of acres in the Mansion Property is 131, and the improvements are a two story frame house, log barn, spring house and granary. There is also two Orchards on this tract, about 100 acres cleared and the balance well timbered.

One other tract adjoining the above and containing 90 acres, 50 of which are cleared.

One other tract containing 53 acres, 5 of which are cleared, with a story and a-half Frame House and a small orchard thereon.

The other tract contains twenty acres and is well timbered.

☞TERMS: One third on the 1st of April, 1856, and the balance in two equal anual payments without interest.

SOLOMON SPARKS,

Dec. 7, 1855.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Bedford County, the undersigned administrator of the estate of Abraham Sparks, late of West Providence township, deceased, will expose to Public sale, at the MANSION PROPERTY of said deceased, in said Township, on WEDNESEAY the 26th day of December next, all the real estate of said decedent not taken at the valuation by the heirs or sold, viz:

The Mansion Tract (*A*) containing 301 acres and allowance, and having thereon erected a large and commodious Stone Tavern stand, three Private Dwelling houses, Barns, Stables, Wagon-Sheds and other out buildings, rendering it one of the most convenient properties for public business in the County. The soil is good and well adapted to agricultural purposes, besides being in a high state of cultivation and well watered. The main body of this land lies upon the north side of the Juniata River, where the Turnpike passes through by the improvements above mentioned.

ALSO—(*F.*) a tract containing 83¼ acres situate in East Providence Township, and adjoining lands of Nycum, Diehl, Black and others; lately purchased from Samuel Tate's administrator, known as the "Wolf Pen."

☞TERMS: One third in hand at the confirmation of sale on the 11th day of Feb. 1856, and the balance in two equal anual payments without interest.

JOHN CESSNA,
Acting Administrator of the Estate of Abraham Sparks, deceased.

Dec. 7, 1855.

NOTICE.

An application will be made to the Governor of this Commonwealth for the pardon of CASELTON BROOK PIERCE, who was convicted of Larceny at November Sessions, 1854.

Oct. 26, 1855.

CROMER'S Thrashing Machines for either 2, 3, or 4 horses for sale very low at REED'S Cheap Store.
Nov. 26, 1855.

Stray Heifers:

Came to the premises of the subscriber living in Colrain Township, sometime in November last two young Heifers, one a dark brown, the other is a black with a few white spots and white hind leg, with a small slit in the left ear. No other marks. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
ADAM COONTZ.
Dec. 7, 1855.—*

AGENTS! AGENTS! AGENTS!

Persons accustomed to procure subscribers for Books, Magazines, &c., or, get up clubs for newspapers, are requested to send us their names and address, and we will forward them, free of charge, a specimen number of a publication for which they will find ready sale: and we will allow them a commission of 50 per cent for their services.
J. BRADFOD & BROTHER,
No. 3 Courtland st., New York.
Dec. 7, 1855.

New Stage Line.

☞The subscriber has put on a line of two horse stage coaches between Stonerstown and Bedford, to connect with the Central Rail Road, via Broad Top. This line will leave Stonerstown on Monday and Friday of each week, and return from Bedford on Wednesday and Saturday. This is a pleasant route, and I hope to be able to render such accommodations as will make it an inducement for travellers to patronize the line. Fare only $1 75.
PETER ELLISON.
Nov. 23, 1855.

Astonishing effects of one bottle, in an aggravated case of Dyspepsia.

—PHILADELPHIA, March 20, 1855.

Dear Sir—During the last five years I have been afflicted with *Dyspepsia*, in its most aggravated form, and have used, without receiving any benefit therefrom, every remedy recommended for that disease. In fact, I was afflicted so badly that on many occasions I was in *great danger of dying from suffocation*, in consequence of the rise of matter in my throat, and all my efforts or relief were in vain. I was at last induced, through the recommendation of several of my friends, to try "Hoofland's German Bitters," and I assure you the amount of relief I have received, from the use of only one bottle, is astonishing, and compels me to say that I would not be without the Bitters for any money, as I am now, through their use, enjoying better health than I have known for many years.

Very respectfully yours,
ELIZABETH GAUL
No. 12 Carter's Alley.

To Dr. C. M. Jackson.
See advertisement.

☞*Palpitation of the Heart*, Nervous Diseases, Liver Complaint, Neuralgia, Dyspepsia, Costiveness and Piles, are all relieved and cured in an incredible short space of time, by Carter's spanish Mixture, the great tonic and purifier of the blood. It contains not a particle of Mercury, Opium, or any noxious drug: is perfectly harmless, and has cured more than five hundred cases of disease.

We can only refer the reader to certificates, a few of which may be found in another column, and all of which are detailed in full around the bottle. It is the greatest of all Spring and Fall Medicines, and possesses an influence over the blood truly remarkable.
See advertisement.

LAW NOTICE.

W. J. BAER, Attorney at Law:

WILL practice regularly in the Courts of Bedford County hereafter. He may, during Court Weeks, be consulted at his room at the Washington Hotel.
Nov. 23, 1855.

STAY CATTLE.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, living in Bedford township, some time about the middle of October, three head of cattle—two are heifers, and one a steer—the steer has on a bell—all have a slit in each ear. The owner is desired to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
JOS. W. TOMLINSON.
Nov. 23, 1855.

The University's FAMILY REMEDIES,

Issued under the seal, Sanction and Authority of the University of Free Medicine and popular knowledge, Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, April 20th, 1853, with a Capital of $100,000, mainly for the purpose of arresting the evils of Spurious and Worthless Nostrums; also, for supplying the community with Reliable remedies wherever a Competent Physician cannot or will not be employed. This Institution, (located in Philadelphia No. 68 Arch Street, where applications for new Agencies will be received,) has purchased from Dr. John R. Rowand, his Celebrated Rowand's Tonic Mixture, Known for upward of twenty-five years as the only sure and safe cure for FEVER and AGUE, &c., and his inestimable Remedy for Bowel Complaints, Rowand's Compound Syrup of Blackberry Root, which highly improved and Popular remedies, together with The University's Remedy for Complaints of the Lungs; The University's Remedy for Dispepsia or Indigestion; The University's Remedy for Costive Bowels: Also the University's Almanac may be had at the Branch Dispensary.

For sale at the Store of Dr. Blair, in Cumberland Valley.
Nov. 23, 1855.

NEW CABINET MAKING SHOP.

The subscriber would beg leave to announce to his friends and the public, that he has commenced the

CABINET MAKING BUSINESS

in his new Shop nearly opposite the Store of William States & Co., where he is prepared to accommodate the public with *Bureaus, Tables, Stands, Secretaries, Chairs, Cubboards, Bedsteads* at every price and style. His furniture will be made of the best *material*, and from his long experience at the buisness, he feels no hesitency in warranting his Ware to be *strong* and *durable*, and no pains shall be spared to finish it in the latest style. He hopes by strict attention to his business, and a desire to please, to merit a liberal share of public patronage.

☞ COFFINS made on short notice and Liberal Terms, and his Hearse will be ready to convey them when desirable.
MORTZ KLOHRE.
Bloody Run, Nov. 15, 1855.

NEW BUGGY FOR SALE.

☞A new Buggy for sale for cash or approved produce. Inquire at Reed's cheap Colonade Store.

Bedford Academy

AND

FEMALE SEMINARY.

W. W. CAMPBELL, Principal.

The 1st Session of the 5th school year of this Institution will open on Monday morning the 3d day of September. The past history of the Academy will, we trust, be a sufficient guaranty of its future efficiency. The branches taught will be the same as heretofore. To MASTER PRINCIPLES will be considered the most important pursuit of the pupils; and while it will be the constant business of the Instructor to impart knowledge, it will also be his aim to lead his pupils to make a practical application of their acquisitions. To load the mind with innumerable formulas, without causing it to use them, would be like placing a bow in a child's hand, without teaching him how to bend it. In fine, it shall be our object, as it has ever been, to lead the pupil to THINK.

N. B. Instruction in Book Keeping in all its branches, both Single and Double Entry will be given by the Principal. The Class in this study will be so arranged that any young men desiring to pursue this important branch in order to prepare themselves for clerkships *can recite in it* alone. This recitation will receive attention out of the regular school hours. Instruction in this branch will be extra and so charged.

We look forward confidently to the patronage of this community, which has thus far been so generously extended, and by an undiminished assiduity, we hope to merit your support.

—*Terms per quarter, as usual, to wit:*

CLASSICS,	$6 25
HIGHER ENGLISH,	5 00
MIDDLE "	4 50
ELEMENTARY "	4 00
BOOK KEEPING, (Extra)	5 00

Feb. 16, 1855.

FOR RENT,

And possession given on the 1st of June, a TAN YARD in the Borough of Bedford, with all the fixtures complete, and a Dwelling adjacent thereto. Apply to either of the undersigned.
Wm. Hartley,
Job Mann,
John H. Rush,
March 30, 1855. For the Heirs.

The Wonder of the Age!—Dr. TOBIAS' VENETIAN LINIMENT is warranted to cure Cholera, Colic, Sea Sickness, Chronic Rheumatism, Tooth ache, Head ache, and Pains of all kinds or no pay. Great cure of Rheumatism. Capt. COMSTOCK, of the steamer Baltic (Collins line,) was cured of a severe attack of Chronic Rheumatism in a few days by Dr. Tobias' celebrated Venitian Liniment. Case of Cholera. Mr. J Wright of the Firm of J. Wright & Co. of No. 116 Chartree St. New Orleans, was immediately cured of an attack of Cholera by Tobias' Liniment. Vomiting and Colic. Mrs. Joseph McCabbe No. 16 Essex St. New York, was cured of an attack of Colic and Vomiting by Dr. Tobias' Venetian Liniment.—Depot 60 Gourtland St. New York. Sold by all the Druggists. Agent—ROBERT FYAN, Bedford: A. Bunn, Schellsburg: John Nycum & Son, Rays Hill; V. Wyant, Toll House east of Bloody-Run, J. Barndollar & Son, Bloody Run. Nov. 7, 1855.—1y.

WANTED at Reed's Colonade Store.—Wheat, Rye, Oats, Corn, and Buckwheat—also all other approved produce, in exchange for goods at cash prices.

NEW BOOK!

The "Prison of Weltervreden" and a glance at the *East Indian Archipelago*. By Walter Gibson, Illustrated from original sketches—12 mo. cloth—*Price* 1 50—Published by J. C. Riker, 129, Fulton St., N. Y. and for sale by SHRYOCK & SMITH,
Chambersburg, Pa.
☞*S. & S. will forward the above anywhere in the State free of postage.*
Nov. 16, 1855—3m.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

The undersigned will sell, at public sale, on Friday, the 7th day of December next, the following Property:

One tract of land, containing one hundred and thirty-five acres, eighty being cleared and under good fence. The improvements are one good Dwelling House, 1 Tenant house, Barn, Spring House, a good Orchard of choice fruit, with convenient springs of never failing water. This farm is situate in Napier township, five miles from Bedford on the Pittsburgh Pike, adjoining lands of Stuckey, Sills, and others.

One other tract adjoining the above, containing one hundred and thirty acres, eighty acres cleared and under fence, with two Houses and Stables. The above land is well watered and convenient—well adapted for grazing.

One other tract situate in Harrison township, 1 mile from the glade road, adjoining lands of Wertz, Mullen and Barclay, containing one hundred and sixty-eight acres, ninety acres cleared and under good fence. The improvements are one good dwelling House and Barn. The above farm is in a high state of cultivation, fifty acres of Bottom Land being Lime Stone, and a stream of water running through the place.

One other tract containing one hundred and five acres Timber Land, adjoining the above.—

One other Lot situate in Taylor Township, Fulton Co. containing two hundred and twenty acres, 20 of which are cleared and under fence, with three never failing springs of water.

The above tract is well timbered and good wheat land, with a stream of water strong enough to turn a mill.

The above lands will be sold in parcels to suit purchasers.

The sale will be at the farm first on the list, at 10 o'clock, when terms will be made known by
ISSAC CLARK.
Nov. 16, 1855,

NEW GOODS!

The subscriber has just received and opened an elegant assortment of New Fall and Winter Goods, which he flatters himself he can sell a little lower than ever before offered in Bedford. Thankful for past favors, he respectfully invites the public to call and see him before purchasing elsewhere.
ELIAS FISHER.
Nov. 16, 1855.

GREAT ARRIVAL!

FALL AND WINTER GOODS!!

EXCHANGE BUILDING STORE!!!

The subscribers respectfully inform their friends, customers, and public generally, that they have received the largest and best assortment of FALL and WINTER GOODS they have yet offered to purchasers! Our stock in part as follows:

Blue, Black, Brown, and Invis Green French Cloths—French and American Cassimers—all colors—Ky. Jeans, all wool Tweeds, Keysers, Flannels, Coating, Beaver Cloth, Blankest, Cords, Velvets, Beaverteens. Sack Flannels, Colored Carpet Chain, Spun Cotton, Bagging, Drillings, Ribbons, Laces, Gloves, Hoisery, &c., &c.

125 pieces Plain and Figured Delain,—all prices
440 " Fall Calicoes from 5 cts to 12½
250 " Heavy and Medium Bro. muslins
85 " Superior bleached shirting muslins
60 " Thibet Cloths and Alpaccas, all colors
75 " Cassinetts, all colors and prices
25 " All wool Hemp Rag and List Carpets
15 " Floor Oil Cloths—4¼ 5¼ 6¼ and 8¼ wide
25 " Cotton Flannels—all colors and prices.

Men and Boys' Wool Hats, Fur and Beaver Slough Hats, Men and Boy's Morocco Lined Navy Caps—also Plush and Cloth do. Boots and Shoes for Men and Boys. Bootees, double soled Moroco, and kid Shoes for Ladies—also a great variety of Bootees and shoes for Misses and children! Groceries, Hardware, Queensware, Brooms—Tubs, Buckets, &c. Fish Oil, Sperm and Lard Oil; Bar Iron, Nail, Rod, &c.

Our assortment includes every article usually found in stores, and to prove we are selling "*Cheaper than the Cheapest*," all we ask is a call. ☞No trouble to show Goods! It will cost you nothing to come and look at the *Bargains* we will offer.

Country Produce of every description will be received for Goods at Cash prices.
A. B. CRAMER & Co.,
Exchange Building.
Oct. 12, 1855.

Shoe Store.

A. B. Cramer & Co have just received a very large stock of Boots and Shoes suitable for fall and Winter—part styles as follows:

Mens' Superior Waxed Doubled Sole Boots
Mens' " City made Calf do
Mens' " Heavy Kip-Lined do
Youth's " Waxed Doubled Sole do
Youth's " Kip " " do
Boys' " Kip " " do
Boys' " Calf " " do
Womens' " Doubled Sole Kip Bootees
Womens' " " fine Calf and Seal do
Womens' " fine Goat Morocco do
Women's " Parodi Bootees—very handsome.
Girls Morocco, Kip and Calfskin Bootees
Children Shoes of every style and Price.

Doubled sole Gaiters—Gum Shoes &c., in fact Boots and Shoes to suit every purchaser.—If you want a pair of Boots or Shoes please give us a call and you shall be suited in price and quality.

☞Exchange Store is the place to buy Boots and Shoes!
Oct. 12, 1855.

Notice:

The partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the name and firm of Rupp & Oster, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. G. W. Rupp is authorized to settle the business of the late firm, and to collect all debts due thereto.
G. W. RUPP,
G. R. OSTER.

The undersigned begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that the business will in future be continued at the old stand where he is now receiving and opening a general and well selected assortment of fall and winter goods, which he is determined to sell cheap for cash or approved produce.

An early call is solicited.
G. W. RUPP.
Bedford, Sept. 28, 1855.

COLONADE STORE.

Jacob Reed

WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Bedford and vicinity, that he has just opened his new and splendid stock of goods, in the well known COLONADE STORE, in Bedford Borough. He invites all to call and examine his fresh and cheap stock of goods, consisting of every variety—and particularly of

FALL & WINTER GOODS,

SILK GOODS, CLOTHS, and CASIMERS, HATS, and CAPS. A large assortment of Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Queensware—Umbrellas and Fancy notions. Ladies Dress Goods, and a large assortment of WINTER SHAWLS

The Ladies are particularly invited to examine his stock of Dry Goods, Shoes, &c. Groceries and all other articles usually kept in a first class Dry Goods Store.

The subscriber has purchased his goods with great care, and will dispose of them at the lowest cash prices. Having determined to do a cash and produce buisness, he will be able to sell at the shortest profits. He asks his friends and the public to give him a call when his goods will be shown with pleasure, sale or no sale. ☞You may look for Bargains at REED'S Colonade Store.
Oct. 5, 1855.

H. NICODEMUS,

Scrivener and Justice of the Peace,

BEDFORD, PA.

Has removed his office to Juliana street, nearly opposite the Drug and Book store of Dr. F. C. Reamer, where he will faithfully attend to all business connected with the duties of his office.

He will continue to repair clocks and watches, as usual, and respectfully invites those in need of his services in this line to give him a call.
April 13, 1855.

NOTICE.

All persons indebted to the Estate of James Donahoe, late of Southampton Township, Bedford County, are requested to make immediate payment—and those having claims against said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
FRANCIS DONAHOE,
Administrator.
Nov. 23, 1855.

LEATHER.

FRITZ, HENDRY & CO.

No. 29, North THIRD street, Philadelphia. Morocco Manufacturers, Couriers and Importers of FRENCH Calf-Skins, and dealers in Red and Oak Sole Leather and Kipp.
March 9, 1855—1y.

Letter from Hon. John Minor Botts, of Virginia.]

RICHMOND JULY 9th, 1855.

Messrs. Wm. S. Beers & Co., Gents.—Considerations of duty to the afflicted alone prompt me to send on this voluntary testimonial to the great value of *Carter's Spanish Mixture*," for that almost incurable disease, *Scrofula*.

Without being disposed or deeming it necessary to go into the particulars of the case, I can say that the astonishing results that have been produced by the use of that medicine on a member of my own family, and under my own observation and superintendence, after the skill of the best physicians had been exausted and the usual remedies had failed, fully justify me in recommending its use to all who may be suffering from that dreadful malady.

I do not mean to say that it is adapted to all constitutions, or that it will afford the same relief in all cases; for, of course, I can know-nothing about that—but from what I have seen of the effects, I would not hesitate to use it, in any and every case of Scrofula, with persons for whom I felt an interest, or over whom I could exercise any influence or control.

Respectfully yours.
JNO. M. BOTTS.

Take Notice!

ALL persons indebted to the subscribers, either by note, book account, or otherwise, are requested to make early payment.—Indulgence cannot be given beyond the first of September next. All who neglect this notice, will pay costs as a consequence.
THOS. H. MURRAY & BRO.
Bloody-Run, June 29, 1855.

NEW CLOTHING STORE.

Isaac Lippel

Would respectfully announce to his old friends, and the public at large, that he has opened an entirely new CLOTHING STORE in the Borough of Bedford, in the room recently in the occupancy of Solomon Filler, where he has just received a very superior assortment of ready-made Clothing for Men and Boys, to which he invites attention, satisfied that he can please all who give him a call, both as to price and quality. He will also keep an assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries. He invites purchasers to examine his stock.
Bedford, April 6, 1855.

FOR SALE.—A handsome, well made Buggy, with falling top, will be sold very low for Cash or approved paper.
A. B. Cramer & Co.

1500 PIECES WALL PAPER,

From 12½ cents to $1 25 per piece, just received and for at the variety Store of
JAMES K. HALLAM.
Bedford, April 27, 1855.

NEW STORE

And New Goods.

GREAT BARGAINS, AND NO MISTAKE!

ELI FISHER

Would respectfully avail himself of this method of informing the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he has opened an entirely New *Dry Goods, Grocery, and Fancy Store*, in the Borough of Bedford, in the room formerly occupied by Dr. Hofius, and second door west of Dr. Harry's Drug and Book Store, where he has just received from the cities of

New York and Philadelphia

one of the most elegant assortments of Goods ever brought to Bedford, which, having been purchased for cash, under the most favorable circumstances, he feels warranted in saying that he can sell them at prices so low as to *astonish* the purchaser, and all in want of good Goods, at the shortest possible profit, are invited to give him a call. His stock embraces every variety of

Ladies Dress Goods,

such as Silks, Satins, Delaines, Bombazines, Spring Shawls, novelties in Lawns, British Prints, Plaid Ginghams, Undersleeves, from 12½ cents up, Hosiery in every variety, Shoes, Boots and Slippers, for Ladies and Children—in fact almost every article adapted to a Ladies' wardrobe, which it would require too much space to enumerate in detail. His stock of FLATS and BONNETS for Ladies, Misses, and Children, is large, rich and CHEAP.

His Groceries, Teas, Spices, Syrup, &c. &c. are all of the very best quality.

☞He will consider it no trouble to shew his Goods, and he hopes the LADIES especially will call and examine his assortment whether they purchase or not. Always remember, however, that ELI FISHER'S is the place for BARGAINS!!! April 6, 1855.

St. Nicholas Hotel,

Cumberland, Md.

The Proprietor respectfully begs leave to inform the travelling public that this house has recently been thoroughly re-fitted and completely renovated, and is now ready to receive guests.

It is the earnest desire and intention of the Proprietor to give perfect satisfaction to those who favor him with their patronage. A liberal share is confidently expected.
SAMUEL LUMAN, *Proprietor.*
Successor to H. R. Dow & Co.
Cumberland, Aug. 10, 1855.

Notice.

All persons indebted to me, either by note or Book account, are hereby notified that their notes and accounts are left in the hands of Henry Nicodemus, Esq., of the Borough of Bedford, for collection, where suit will be commenced against all who do not comply with this notice and make payment immediately.
J. W. LINGENFELTER.
Sept. 7, 1855.

A CARD.

MRS. MARY COOK (widow of Dominick Cook) would announce to visitors to the Springs, and the public generally, that, having secured the services of a gentleman eminently qualified to manage her affairs, the Washington Hotel is now ready to afford the best of accommodations. The house has been newly papered, painted and furnished, and she feels satisfied that all who patronize the "Washington" will be pleased.—She hopes to be liberally encouraged.
Bedford, June 29, 1855.

LUMBER!

The subscribers have on hand and will constantly keep, (at the old stand of Lewis N. Fyan, in Juniatta township,) a full supply of Lap and Joint Shingles, and Boards of every discription, which they will dispose of on reasonable terms.
PLATT & BROTHER.
Sept. 7, 1855.

VALUABLE

Mill Property for Sale!

The subscriber, about to remove to California, offers at Private sale, his valuable Mill Property, situate about 3 miles East of Bedford, on the Juniatta River, in Colerain township, at the lower end of Friend's Cove.

The Mill is four stories high, frame, with three run of stones, two pair of which are Burrs, having all the machinery necessary to manufacture merchant and country work in the best manner. It has one of the best water powers in the United States, which may be known from the fact that during the last dry season it had abundance of water, when nearly every other mill in the neighborhood was stopped.

There are between 10 and 11 acres of land adjoining, six acres under post fence, about 4 of which is meadow, on which is erected a good two story log house, weather-boarded and plastered, good water at the door, with all necessary out buildings—also a fine orchard of choice fruit, peaches and apples.

Being determined to sell purchasers will do well to examine this property soon.

☞TERMS will be made to suit the purchaser, by giving approved Bonds.
HIRAM F. ROHM.
June 1, 1855.

MACHNIE SHOP!

Two and Four Horse Thrashing Machines constantly on hand, and made of the very best material. They are greatly improved above any other of the kind to the advantage of the farmer. For sale at the MACHINE SHOP of WILLIAM RITCHEY,
a short distance east of Brice's Hotel, Bedford, Penna.

Also, Pierpoint's Patent Strawshaker, which has not been surpassed any where, and are so constructed that they operate smoothly and take but little power to drive them. They can be attached to any kind of machine straps or tumbling shaft power.

☞ Farmers would do well to call and see for themselves before purchasing elsewhere.

Farming utensils of all kinds made to order. All warranted to give satisfaction.

***Repairing done at the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.
WILLIAM RITCHEY,
Machinist.
July 13, 1855.—3m.

MORE NEW GOODS Just received at Reed's Colonade Store, consisting of Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans, Wool-plaids, Mouslin de laines, Coburgs, Prints, &c., &c.

HATS AND CAPS.—New style Hungarian Hats, Drab and Pearl, Men and Boys Blue Navy Caps just received by express at Reed's Colonade Store.
Oct. 26, 1855.

D. Border,

Clock & Watch Maker

AND DEALER IN JEWELRY,

Would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bedford, and the public in general, that he has opened a Jewelry Store in the building recently occupied by H. Nicodemus, Esq. nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, where he will be pleased to see all in want of articles in his line. He has on hand, and will constantly keep, an elegant assortment of JEWELRY, and will repair Clocks and Watches in the bert style. He hopes to receive a liberal share of patronage, as he feels satisfied he can render satisfaction to all who entrust him with their work. His terms will be moderate.

He has on hand Gold and Silver WATCHES, Silver Spoons, Thimbles, Butter Knives, Gold and Silver Pens and Pencils, &c. &c.

N. B. He still continues the Gunsmithing business, at his old stand, in the East end of town, where he has a good and competent workman constantly employed. D. B.
April 27, 1855.

FRANKLIN FEMALE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG LADIES,

AT MERCERSBURG, PENNA.

THE Winter Session of this Institute commences on the first of October next.

TERMS:—For Board, Tuition, Room rent and Washing, per quarter of twelve weeks, $12 50.

MARSHALL COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE

FOR YOUNG MEN AND BOYS.

The Winter Session of this Institute commences on the first of October next. Terms: For Board, Tuition, Room rent and Washing, per quarter of twelve weeks, $12 50.

☞ *For further information address*
REV. J. R. KOOKEN, Mercersburg.
Sept. 7, 1855.

Important Notice.

All persons having unsettled accounts with the late firm of Rupp & Oster, are respectfully and most earnestly requested to call and settle up without delay.
Oct. 26, 1855.

NOTICE TO COLLECTORS.

The State Treasurer having made a peremptory call on the Treasurer of this County, for all State taxes up to and including those of '55, Collectors are, therefore, hereby required to collect and pay over, *without delay*, the amount of State taxes yet due on their respective duplicates. By order of the Commissioners.
JOHN MOWER,
June 1, 1855. Attorney

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL AGAIN.—We would impress upon our readers the necessity of attending to the first onset of a cough or cold.—These seemingly trifling maladies are often the fore-runners of more fatal and incurable diseases. Dr. Keysers' Pectoral will check them in their infancy, and oftentimes when dangerous symptoms have set in. It is for sale at
Rupp & Osters' Bedford, and at Colvin & Robisons' Schellsburg.

STRAY CATTLE.

Came to the premises of the subscriber, living in Middle Woodberry Township, on the 22d of October last, four Calves, 1 brindle steer, with white head, 1 black and white spotted bull, 1 black and white spotted heifer, 1 black muley heifer. No ear marks. Supposed to be 1½ years old. The owner or owners is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges, and take them away.
NICHOLAS BARLEY.
Nov 23, 1855*.

SELLING OFF AT COST.

Mrs. S. E. POTTS

Would respectfully announce to the Ladies of Bedford and vicinity, that she has just opened a large and elegant assortment of all the new styles of

Ladies Dress Goods,

and as she is compelled to remove her store, she is determined, rather than move her goods, to sell off at cost. Among a large and splendid assortment of goods, may be found the following articles:

Dresses and Mantillas,
Super black and Fancy Silks,
Super late style of ladies cloaks,
A fine lot of satin and velvet bonnets,
Cloaks, Mantles, and Talmers,
Furs of all description, and all prices,
Morenoes from 25 cts up
Shawls, brochea, woolen, and blank,
French Chintzes and Ginghams,
Plain and emb'd Swiss Muslins,
Fringes, Gimps, and Laces,
Buttons, Braids and Cords,
A rich assortment of Ribbons,
Collars, Sleeves, and Chemizetts,
Edgings and Insertings,
A full supply of Mourning Goods,
Best Kid Gloves of all colors,
Handsome lot of ladiee shoes,
Good Muslins for 6¼ cts.

The special attention of the Ladies is solicited to the very large assortment just received, and offered at low prices for quality.
Bedford, Oct 26, 1855.

COLLECTORS FOR 1855

Will bear in mind that no exonerations will be allowed by the Commissioners for Militia Tax after the 1st Monday of December next. You wil lbe prepared to make your escapes at November Court.
A. S. RUSSELL, Clerk to Com'rs.
Sept. 14. 1855.

Notice to Collectors.

COLLECTORS of Taxes in possession of the Duplicates of the Poor and House of Employment are notified that, unless they make immediate payment, suits will be instituted against them without respect to persons. This notice is in earnest, and all who neglect it, will subject themselves to COSTS. By order of the Directors.
JOHN H. RUSH,
May 18, 1855. *Treasurer.*

HEMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS.

Helmbold's Highly Concentrated Compound Fluid Extract of Buchu,

For Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, Secret Diseases, Strictures, Weaknesses, and all diseases of the Sexual Organs whether in Male or Female,

from whatever cause they may have originated and no matter of how long standing.

If you have contracted the terrible disease which, when once seated in the system, will surely go down from one generation to another, undermining the constitution and sapping the very vital fluids of life, do not trust yourself in the hands of Quacks, who start up every day in a city like this, and fill the papers with glaring falsehoods too well calculated to deceive the young and those not acquainted with their tricks. You cannot be too careful in the selection of a remedy in these cases.

THE FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU has been pronounced by eminent Physicians *THE GREATEST REMEDY EVER KNOWN.* It is a medicine perfectly pleasant in its taste and very innocent in its action, and yet so thorough that it annihilates every particle of the rank and poisonous virus of this dreadful disease; and, unlike other remedies, it does not dry up the disease in the blood.

CONSTITUTIONAL DEBILITY, brought on by self-abuse, a most terrible disease, which has brought thousands of the human race to untimely graves, thus blasting the brilliant hopes of parents, and blighting in the bud the glorious ambition of many a noble youth, can be cured by this infallible remedy. And as a medicine which must benefit everybody, from the simply delicate to the confined and despairing invalid, no equal is to be found, acting both as a cure and preventative.

HELMBOLD'S HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT SARSAPARILLA,

For purifying the Blood, removing all diseases arising from excess of Mercury, exposure and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional disease, arising from an impure state of the Blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Pains and Swellings of the Bones, Tetter, Pimples on the Face, and all Scaly Eruptions of the Skin.

This article is now prescribed by some of the most distinguished Physicians in the country, and has proved more efficient in practice than any preparation of Sarsaparilla yet offered to the public. Several cases of secondary Syphilis, Mercurial and Scrofulous diseases have entirely recovered in the incurable wards of our Public Institutions which had for many years resisted every mode of treatment that could be devised. These cases furnish striking examples of the salutary effects of this medicine in arresting some of the most inveterate diseases, after the glands were destroyed and the bones already affected.

NOTICE.—Letters from responsible Physicians and Professors of several Medical Colleges, and certificates of cures from patients will be found accompanying both Preparations.

Prices—Fluid Extract of Buchu, $1 per bottle.
" " Sarsaparilla " "
or 6 bottles for $5, equal in strength to one gallon Syrup of Sarsaparilla.

Prepared and Sold by H. T. HELMBOLD,
Chemist 263, Chestnut Street, near the Girard House, PHILADELPHIA.
☞To be had of Dr. F. C. Reamer, Bedford, Pa.
July 20, 1855.—1y.

NATIONAL HOTEL.

CORNER BALTIMORE & MECHANIC STS.
CUMBERLAND, MD.

JOHN B. KELLER, Proprietor.

This Hotel, recently kept by Sam'l Luman, is undergoing thorough repair and is a very fine, large, airy building, situated in the most central and business part of Cumberland.

THE ROOMS are large, and well furnished with all the necessary fixtures and appliances to render guests comfortable.

It will be the earnest desire of the Proprietors to render, in all respects, entire satisfaction, and he flatters himself that his efforts will will be crowned with success.

There is attached to said hotel an excellent, stable capable of accommodating 60 head of horses. Drovers will find it to their advantage to give him a call.

A careful hostler in attendance at all times.
☞A porter in attendance at the cars, &c.
☞Rates of boarding 25 cts. per meal.—Boarders taken by the week, mouth or year.
Sept. 21, 1855.

Stray Heifer.

Came to the premises of the subscriber living in St. Clair township, on the 1st of September last, a white and red spotted heifer, cropp off the left ear; no other mark; supposed a year and six months old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, and take her away.
WM. SLEEK.
Oct. 26, 1855.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his valuable Property, situate in Union Township, Bedford County, Pa., on which he at present resides, containing 50 acres of patented land, 30 of which are cleared and under post and rail fence, the balance well timbered with good saw timber. This property is on the waters of Bobbs' Creek, 4 miles north of Adolphus Ake's Mill, on the public road leading from Bedford to Johnstown or Jefferson, within 12 miles of Jefferson, and 16 miles of Hollidaysburg. The improvements are a Stone Grist Mill, with two run of Stones, one pair first rate French Burrs, with good merchant and country Bolts, and a complete Smut Machine. The Machinery is all good and substantial, and is partly new. The water power is sufficient during the entire year, and the custom is good and plenty of it. There is also a new Saw Mill on the premises, which will cut from 1500 to 2000 feet of Lumber a day inch measure, which is ready sale at the Mill. One of the Dwelling Houses is a three story frame, suitable for a public House or Store House, and is well finished. There are three other dwellings, two frame and one log house, also a frame stable and Wagon Shed, and other necessary buildings.

Also, will be sold, another Tract of Land containing 300 acres, about 75 acres of which are cleared, of which 10 are good meadow with facilities for making 20 or 30 more. The balance well timbered and well watered by the Bobbs' Creek running through it. There is on the premises an excellent site calculated for either Grist Mill or Saw Mill, with head and fall of 22 feet. There is a variety of choice fruit trees on the farm. The buildings are one good Log House and Stable and other outbuildings. Also, will be sold, 640 acres of good timber land, convenient to the Saw Mill, on which are the very best of saw logs. The above land is all patented, and a clear and indisputable title will be made to the purchaser or purchasers. Those wishing to purchase good property, will learn the conditions, (which will be moderate,) by calling with the subscriber, residing on the first named property.

CASELTON AKE.

July 21, 1851.

TOOTH ACHE.—Persons are not generally aware that Dr. Keyser's Tooth Ache remedy, prepared by him at 140 Wood Street, Pittsburg, Pa. and for sale at Rupp & Oster's in this place will stop immediately an aching tooth. Whoever tries it will be convinced.

Dec. 8, 1854.

DOCTOR YOURSELF!

The Pocket Æsculapius: or every one his own Physician.

The 50th Edition, with one hundred engravings, showing Diseases and Malformations of the human system in every form and shape. To which is added a Treatise on the Diseases of Females, being of the highest importance to married people, or those contemplating marriage. By WM. YOUNG, M. D.

Let no father be ashamed to present a copy of the ÆSCULAPIUS to his child; it may save him from an early grave. Let no young man or woman enter into the secret obligations of married life without reading the POCKET ÆCULAPIUS. Let no one suffering from a hacknied Cough, Pain in the Side, restless nights, nervous feelings, and the whole train of Dyspeptic sensations, and given up by their physician, be another moment without consulting the ÆSCULAPIUS. Have the married, or those about to be married any impediment, read this truly useful book, as it has been the means of saving thousands of unfortunate creatures from the very jaws of death.

☞Any person sending TWENTY-FIVE GENTS enclosed in a letter, will receive one copy of this work by mail, or five copies will be sent for One Dollar.

Address, (post paid,) Dr. WM. YOUNG,
No. 152 Spruce St., Philadelphia.

June 1, 1855.—1y.

Cooking Stoves.

On hand and just receiving a lot of new patterns of Cooking Stoves, for wood and coal, at

BLYMIRES.

In addition to his former stock, the subscriber has received a splendid assortment of Brass, Bell Mettle, Iron and English Kettles, which will please all in want of the article,—also a variety of other articles useful for house keepers. He has also on hand a lot of pump chains and fixtures, all of which will be sold low for cash, or on a short credit.

GEORGE BLYMIRE.

May 19, 1854.

"Fellow Citizens!"

Do you want to *leave your measure* for a FASHIONABLE SUIT OF CLOTHES, warranted to give satisfaction in STYLE, QUALITY, FIT and MAKE? Do you want to see a *large and splendid Stock of*

Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings,

and other seasonable goods for *MEN'S WARE*? Do you want to see a *fine assortment of* COATS, PANTS and VESTS, gotten up in a style not inferior to the best ordered work? Do you want Under Garments of the *"right stripe,"* or FURNISHING ARTICLES that *"can't be beat,"* or

BOY'S CLOTHING

for your Sons? In short, if you want *all* or *any* of these things so essential to the adornment and comfort of the "outer man," call on

STEPHEN'S, Merchant Tailor,

McKaig's Row, Baltimore Street (next door to Campbell's Drug Store,) Cumberland, Md.

☞ If you want an OUTFIT of CHEAP READY-MADE CLOTHING, I would advise you to call at the RAILROAD CLOTHING STORE, near the Depot.

May 19, 1854—1y.

FASHIONABLE TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT.

The subscriber would announce to his old friends and customers, and the public in general, that he has permanently located himself in Juliana Street, next door to Dr. REAMER'S Drug & Book Store, where he is prepared to execute all orders in his line in a superior manner, on reasonable terms. From long experience in the business, he feels confident he can render satisfaction to all who honor him with a call.

He constantly keeps on hand ready-made clothing, of every description, for Men and Boys—also, a superior assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, CASSINETTS, SILK, SATIN, and other VESTINGS, and Summer Wear, which he will sell as low as they can be bought elsewhere, and make them up to the taste of the purchaser.

He also keeps a general assortment of Cravats, Stocks, Collars, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, &c.

He hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

WM. SCHAFFER.

June 9, 1854.

TO THE MILLINERY TRADE.

JOHN STONE & SONS,

Importers and Dealers in

FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS,

No. 45 South Second Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Are now prepared to offer their customers and the trade an unusually large and well selected assortment of RIBBONS, SATINS, VELVETS, FEATHERS, FLOWERS, LACES, and every other article appertaining to the Millinery trade.

☞Our stock being of our own direct importation, offers great advantages both in styles and prices.

Oct. 13, 1854.—1y.

CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE.

The Great Purifier of the Blood!

NOT A PARTICLE OF MERCURY IN IT.

Let the Afflicted Read and Ponder!

An Infallible Remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obstinate Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Postules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Eyes, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Syphilitic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all Diseases arising from an Injudicious Use of Mercury, Imprudence in Life, or Impurity of the Blood.

☞ This great alterative medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, "CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE." Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Eruptions on the Skin, Liver Disease, Fevers, Ulcers, Old Sores, Affections of the Kidneys, Diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put to flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all Diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the Digestion, gives tone to the Stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the Constitution, enfeebled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mantling to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve the general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is no Humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians, and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER.

Call on the AGENT and get a Circular and Almanac, and read the wonderful cures this truly greatest of all medicines has performed.

None genuine unless signed WILLIAM S. BEERS, & Co., Proprietors, No. 304 Broadway, New York.

Sold by Dr. F. C. REAMER, Bedford; J. M. BARNDOLLAR, Bloody Run: A. B. BUNN, Schellsburg, and by Dealers in Medicines everywhere. Oct. 20, 1854.—1y.

LIVER COMPLAINT,

Dyspepsia, Jaundice,

Chronic or Nervous Debility, Disease of the Kidneys, and all Diseases arising from a Disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the sight, Fever and Dull Pain in the Head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant Imaginings of Evil, and Great Depression of Spirits,

CAN BE EFFECTUALLY CURED BY

DR. HOOFLAND'S

CELEBRATED GERMAN BITTERS,

Prepared by

DR. C. M. JACKSON,

No. 120 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

Their power over the above diseases is not excelled, if equalled, by any other preparation in the United States, as the cures attest, in many cases after skilful physicians had failed.

These Bitters are worthy the attention of invalids. Possessing great virtues in the rectification of diseases of the Liver and lesser glands, exercising the most searching powers in weakness and affections of the digestive organs, they are, withal, safe, certain and pleasant.

READ AND BE CONVINCED.

J. D. SPRING, Laceyville, Pa., April 6, 1854, says: "I can get you some good certificates for your German Bitters in this vicinity if you wish them. A lady purchasing some of it this week, says that it is by far the best medicine she ever knew, having done her and her daughmuch good, &c."

S. B. LAWSON, Benfard's Store, Somerset Co., Pa., August 15, 1853, says: "I am much attached to your German Bitters, having used two bottles of it, which I procured from S. Kurtz, your agent at Somerset, and found great relief from in disease of the Liver. I find it has great effect upon my lungs, strengthening and invigorating them, which, as I am a public speaker, is a great help to me."

DR. GILES, Newton Hamilton, Pa., May, 1851, said: I have used myself half a dozen bottles of your German Bitters for Liver complaint and diseases of a nervous character, resulting from the abuse of mercury. I was poisoned and afflicted with spasms from the use of this latter article. The German Bitters is the first article from which I obtained any relief. I have also given the article to many dyspeptics, with the most salutary result. I think as many more bottles will cure me."

J. C. YOUNG, Esq., of Dauphin, Pa., writes May 5, 1851: "I was afflicted with General Debility, Intestinal weakness and Costiveness, for which I used many different remedies without relief. I at last used your Hoofland's German Bitters. I took a few bottles according to directions, and was completely cured. I have not been so healthy for ten years as I have been since I took your Bitters, which is about one year ago."

The Bitters are ENTIRELY VEGETABLE, always strengthening the system and never prostrating it.

Sold by dealers in medicine and storekeepers everywhere. And by

Dr. F. C. Reamer, Bedford, Pa.

Oct. 20, 1854.—1y.

New Drug & Book Store.

We wish it distinctly understood by this community and country, that we pay particular attention to the selection of our Drugs and Medicines, purchasing none but the *very best* and *purest articles*. We have for sale cheap all the approved popular patent medicines, *Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Jayne's Medicines*, Pain Killer, and all the Sarsaparillas. Also Lubin's Extracts for the Handkerchief, fancy soaps, colognes pommades, ox marrow, &c. We also keep constantly on hand a general assortment of *School & Miscellaneous Books*, Blank Books, Cap and Post Paper, &c., &c., &c. In fact, if you want anything in the Drug, Medicine, Book, Soap or Brush line, call at the New Drug and Book Store and you *shall* be accommodated.

B. F. HARRY.

Jan. 13, 1854.

MENGEL HOUSE.

THE subscriber having removed to the Mengle HOUSE, in the Borough of Bedford, recently in the occupancy of Mr. Isaac Mengle, respectfully announces to his old friends, and the public generally, that he is fully prepared to accommodate all who honor him with a call and hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of custom. He will make it his study to render comfortable all who stop with him—and he invites Travellers, Movers, Drovers, and persons attending Court to give him a trial.

His stabling is of the best quality, and competent to accommodate a large number of horses, and it will always be attended by an obliging and attentive hostler.

Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month, or year, on reasonable terms.

Determined to spare neither pains nor expense to make his house what it should be, he confidently relies upon the public for a generous support.

JAMES S. BECKWITH.

March 31, 1854.

KEAGY'S FOUNDRY!

The subscribers respectfully beg leave to inform the people of Middle Woodberry Township, and the country at large, that they are now prepared, at their establishment, one mile south of Woodberry, Bedford County, to furnish four-horse Threshing Machines, Pierpont' Patent Shaker, Cider Mills, Ploughs of every description, Keagy's Cooking Stoves, two different patterns, and two different patterns of Coal Stoves—Plough Castings, Wagon Boxes of all sizes, and cast Dinner Bells of three different sizes—also, Mill Castings of every variety. We are also prepared to fit up Machinery in the best and most durable style, and will give prompt attention to all orders in this line.

The public are respectfully invited to give us a call, as we feel satisfied that both our work and terms will please all who do so.

J. M. SNOWDEN,
WM. B. BLAKE,
Proprietors.

Oct. 27, 1854.

LUMBER! LUMBER!!

The subscriber has on hand a large assortment of LUMBER of the best quality, among which is 100,000 Shingles, of different kinds; 75,000 feet of superior Boards, and a splendid lot of Locust Posts. Builders, and others in want of Lumber, will find it to their advantage to examine his large assortment.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Jan. 14, 1853.

GUN SMITHING.

DANIEL B. BORDER respectfully informs the citizens of Bedford and vicinity that he has removed his shop to the house in the east end of Bedford, one door west of the residence of Major Washabaugh, where he is prepared to manufacture *Double and Single barrel Rifles* and *Double and Single barrel Shot Guns* of the best quality.

☞All repairing of guns, locks, &c., done with neatness and despatch.

May 26, 1854.

Life Insurance.

Key Stone Mutual Life Insurance Company of Harrisburg, Pa., has a Guarantee Capital of $75,000.

President, Hon. LUTHER REILEY, M. D. Pamphlets, Circulars and all necessary information can be obtained by calling at the office of the subscriber, authorized agent for Bedford County.

C. N. HICKOK, Agent.

SAMUEL D. SCOTT, M. D. Medical Examiner.

October 10, 1851.

GLOBE HOTEL,

West Pitt Street, Bedford, Pennsylvania.

VALENTINE STECKMAN, *Proprietor.*

April 7, 1854.—1y.*

TIN & COPPER WARE.

THE subscriber is prepared to furnish, wholesale and retail, Tin and Copper Ware in great variety, on the most reasonable terms.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

A MIRACLE OF SCIENCE!

DR. C. L. KELLING, of Mechanicsburgh, Cumberland Co. Pa. announces to those afflicted with Tumors, Wens, Cancers, Polypus, Lapus, Moles or Marks, Scrofula or King's Evil; and all diseases that have been usually treated with Caustic or Knife, he can remove them without cutting, burning or pain; neither Chloroform or Ether is administered to the patient. It is no matter on what part of the body they are he can remove them with perfect safety, and in a remarkably short time. No Mineral or Vegetable poison, is applied; and no money required until a cure is perfected.

Prolapsis Uteri, Female complaints, Chronic Venereal and all other diseases treated with positive success. Full particulars can be obtained by addressing in either English or German post paid. Patients can be accommodated with Board on reasonable terms.

Mechanicsburg is one of the prettiest and healthly towns in this or any other State. It is 8 miles from Harrisburg on the C. V. R. R. and accessible from all parts of the Union.

The Dr. will visit cases in any part of the State when desired.

Kind reader if you know of any afflicted fellow-creature, delay not, to tell them of this treatment.

March 2, 1855.—6m.*

COACH AND WAGON FACTORY.

The undersigned having entered into partnership in the above business, would anuounce to the citizens of Bedford County that they are now prepared, at their Shop at the East End of this Borough, to furnish CARRIAGES and BUGGIES, of every style and price; also, COACHES, WAGONS, and PLOUGHS. BLACKSMITH work of every description executed to order, on the shortest notice, at their shop adjoining the Coach Factory.

Determined to keep none but the best of workmen in their employ, and to sell as cheap as any other establishment in the State, they hope to receive liberal encouragement.

☞ Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for work and the highest prices allowed. We respectfully invite the public to give us a call.

WM. WEISEL,
JOHN FOSTER

Bedford, Feb. 3, 1854.

Drugs and Books.

DR. F. C. REAMER

Having purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D. Scott, will constantly keep on hand at his establishment in Julianna Street, a complete assortment of Drugs, Medicines, Dye Stuffs, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnishes, Brushes of all kinds, Patent Medicines, Lamps, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, &c. &c. together with an extensive collection of School and Miscellaneous Books, Blank Books, Common and Fancy Stationery, &c. which he offers at greatly reduced prices for cash. Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

Dr. B. F. Harry

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. John Hofius.

June 24, 1853.

WM. P. SCHELL, ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL attend faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care *in the Counties of Bedford and Fulton.*

Bedford, Nov. 1, 1847.

C. N. HICKOK, Dentist.

OFFICE on Pitt-street, nearly opposite the Bedford Hotel, Bedford, Pa. Teeth plugged, Regulated, &c. and artificial teeth inserted from one to an entire set. Charges moderate, and all operations warranted. *Terms.—CASH.*

Bedford, May 3, 1850.

Bedford Hotel,

And General Stage Office.

The subscriber respectfully begs leave to announce to his old friends and the public generally, that he has leased the Bedford Hotel, at present in the occupancy of Col. Adam Barnhart, and will take possession on the 1st day of April next. It is not his design to make many professions as to what he will do, but he pledges his word that his most energetic efforts will be employed to render comfortable all who give him a call. The House will be handsomely fitted up, and none but careful and attentive servants will be engaged. Persons visiting the Bedford Springs, as well as those attending Court, and the travelling community generally, are respectfully invited to give him a call and judge for themselves.

☞Boarders taken by the week, month, or year, on favorable terms.

☞Ample and comfortable stabling is attached to this Hotel, which will always be attended by a careful hostler. Also, a safe and convenient carriage house.

☞*All the STAGES stop at this Hotel.*

JOHN HAFER.

March 16, 1855.

DR. WM. BURGH

Having permanently located in Pattonsville, Bedford County, respectfully tenders his services to the public in the line of his profession.

Pattonsville, March 3, 1853–1y.

NOTICE!

The subscriber is anxious to close his old Books up to April 1, 1855, and hopes all interested will give immediate attention to this notice. In cases where it is not convenient to make immediate payment, notes will be taken on reasonable time.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

April 13, 1855.

P. A. HEALEY & BRO.,

Wholesale Druggists,

AND DEALERS IN

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, VARNISHES, DYE-Stuffs, Spices, Patent Medicines, &c.,

Cumberland, Md.

☞ *Orders from Physicians and Merchants filled with pure and unadulterated articles, at Baltimore prices.*

June 9, 1854—1y.

FORWARDING AND COMMISSION WAREHOUSE

Chambersburg, Pennsylvania.

THE subscribers are prepared at all times to carry Produce of every description and Merchandize to and from Philadelphia and Baltimore, on the most reasonable terms. The highest price paid at all times for all kinds of country Produce.

☞Receiving Depots, BUZBY & CO. 365 Market street, Philadelphia.—JOHN BIGHAM, Baltimore, No. 151 H street.

C. W. EYSTER & CO.

Feb. 9, 1855—6m.*

Two and Four Horse Thrashing Machines,

made of the very best material, and in the best workman-like manner, constantly on hand and for sale at the Machine Shop of

PETER H. SHIRES, Bedford, Pa.

His Machines are greatly improved to the advantage of the FARMER. Also horse Rakes for raking hay and gleaning grain fields—Cutting Boxes, Cultivators, Single and Double Shovel Ploughs—all of which will be sold on the most reasonable terms and warranted to give satisfaction.

☞ FARMERS and others will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere

Reparing of all kinds of Machines and Farming utensils done at the shortest notice and most reasonable terms.

PETER H. SHIRES,
Machinist.

June 29, 1855.—4m.

A Family Carriage

FOR SALE OR TRADE.

The owner having no use for it, will sell, on fair terms, an excellent Family Carriage, newly fitted up, intended for either one or two horses, and having all the necessary fixtures.—An excellent sett of new Brass mounted harness may be had with the carriage, if desired. It will be sold on time, for cash, or exchanged for grain. Enquire at the office of the Bedford Gazette. July 27, 1855.

John P. Reed,

Attorney at Law, Bedford, Pennsylvania,

Respectfully tenders his services to the Public.

☞Office second door North of the Mengel House.

Bedford, Feb. 20, 1852.

JOHN R. EDIE, Attorney at Law,

WILL hereafter regularly attend the sittings of the courts of this county. During the terms of Court he may be consulted professionally at the Hotel of Maj. Davis.

Bedford, Feb. 17, 1854.

Cessna & Shannon,

HAVE formed a Partnership in the Practice of the Law. ☞Office nearly opposite the Post Office, where one or the other may at all times be found.

Bedford, Oct. 26, 1849.

HUMMEL'S ESSENCE OF COFFEE.

EVERY ONE who has used Hummel's Essence of Coffee, knows that one package will go as far as 4 pounds of the best Java Coffee, and coffee made by this Essence will preserve perfectly the real taste of Java coffee, but will have a more delicate and finer flavor, a finer color, and will certainly be much wholesomer for every person than pure Java Coffee.

☞For sale at Dr. B. F. HARRY'S new Drug and Book Store. Oct. 7, 1853.

OLD PEWTER & COPPER WANTED.

THE highest price, in cash or trade, allowed for old Pewter and Copper.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Sept. 9, 1853.

CAUTION.

All persons are cautioned against trespassing upon the Poor House Farm, either by hunting, fishing, or otherwise, as the law will be rigidly enforced against all who do so, without respect to persons. And notice is hereby given that no cows will hereafter be taken to pasture. By order of the Directors.

WM. F. MOREHEAD,
Steward.

June 22.

NOTICE.

The Partnership heretofore existing between Thomas and John King, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having unsettled accounts with them, are requested to attend to their liquidation without delay.

THOMAS KING,
JOHN KING.

June 1, 1854.

Having this day associated Henry S. King, of the City of Pittsburg, with us in the business of manufacturing Iron, the business will be conducted under the name and firm of John King & Co.

THOMAS KING,
JOHN KING.

June 9, 1854.

STOVES!

ON hand, and for sale, a superior lot of Cooking, Ten Plate, Parlor, and Church Stoves.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Wm. Henry Leas,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

Fort Desmoines, Iowa,

WILL give special attention to locating lands—investing money—paying taxes—making collections, &c., &c.

☞ *Refers to Gen. Bowman and Hon. Job Mann.* Sept. 8, 1854.

TO BUILDERS.

The subscriber is fully prepared to furnish any quantity or quality of Building Lumber and Plastering Laths. Orders directed to St. Clairsville, Bedford County, will be promptly attended to, by giving a reasonable notice.

F. D. BEEGLE.

Nov. 24, 1854.

DR. F. C. REAMER

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

☞Office in Julianna Street, at the Drug and Book Store. Feb. 17, 1854.

Jas. K. Hallam

Would announce to his friends and the public that he has purchased the entire Store of the late James M. Gibson, and intends to continue business at the old stand. He has on hand an assortment of Dry Goods, Groceries, Teas, Segars, Jewelry, &c. &c. together with Confectionaries of every description. In a short time he will replenish his stock, so as to make it an inducement to purchasers to give him a call.—He has on hand a good supply of FLOUR, and will make every effort to accommodate the people in this line of his business, either wholesale or retail. He will also keep Bacon, Fish, Salt, Molasses, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Brooms, Brushes, Patent medicines, Drugs, Dye-stuffs, and every article usually kept in a retail store.

☞PAPER HANGING and UPHOLSTERING will be attended to as usual with promptness and despatch—and he would take this occasion to say that he has now on hand, and will furnish to order, on the most favorable terms, every description of WALL PAPER and BORDERING.

By unremitting attention to business, and a disposition to please, he hopes to merit and receive liberal encouragement.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE

AND FANCY GOODS.

A Choice Assortment of the Finest Quality, For Sale at the Lowest Cash Prices, at

WM. B. ELTONHEAD'S,

No. 184 South Second Street, between Pine and Union, West Side, PHILADELPHIA.

The assortment embraces a *Large and Select Stock of Fine Watches, Jewelry, Silver Ware, Albata Ware, plated with fine Silver, in Spoons, Forks, Ladles, &c. —Jet Goods, Fans and Fancy Articles* of a superior quality, deserving the examination of those who desire to procure the *best goods* at the *Lowest Cash Prices.*

Having a *practical knowledge* of the business, and all available facilities for Importing and Manufacturing, the subscriber confidently invites purchasers, believing that he can supply them on terms as favorable as any other establishment in either of the Atlantic Cities.

☞ All kinds of Diamond and Pearl Jewelry and Silver Ware manufactured to order, within a reasonable time.

☞ Watches, Jewelry and Silver Ware *faithfully repaired.* WM. B. ELTONHEAD,

No. 184 South Second Street, a few doors above the Second Street Market, West Side.

☞In the South Window of the Store may be seen the famous BIRD CLOCK, which commands the admiration of the scientific and curious.

Oct. 13, 1854.—1y.

Private Sale of Valuable Property.

The subscriber will sell, at private sale, his valuable property, situate in Boydstown, about half a mile west of the Borough of Bedford, on the turnpike road, consisting of two Dwelling Houses, a Black-smith and Wagon maker Shop, and all necessary outbuildings. There are two lots and a half of ground attached, on which are a number of fine fruit trees. This property is every way desirable, and purchasers would do well to examine it.

JACOB SEMLER.

May 25, 1855.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—Here is another notice of a preparation bearing the above name. We would say to our readers, try it, and you will not be disappointed. It may be had at Rupp & Oster's in this place.

From the Pittsburg Morning Post, Sept. 24, 1853.

KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP.—We have tried this medicine for a severe cold, and can truly say we have never found any remedy so pleasant and effectual. It is an expectorant, yet does not sicken the stomach; and it prevents costiveness. It is very highly recommended by physicians and others who have tried it, as a speedy and effectual cure for Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Whooping Cough, Croup, Quinsy, and nomerous other complaints of the Bronchial Organs and Lungs. We can safely recommend it as an excellent remedy.

HARDWARE STORE.

The subscriber having purchased the entire stock of HARDWARE of the late Thomas B. Miller, in the Borough of Bedford, would respectfully announce to his friends and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish almost every article in his line of business, on favorable terms. His stock being nearly all new, and selected by one well experienced in the business, he is fully satisfied that purchasers will find it to their advantage to give him a call. In addition to a general stock of Hardware, he has on hand, and will constantly keep GROCERIES of the very best quality—GLASS of all sizes—also, STONEWARE of a very superior quality. He has also on hand all kinds of Oils, Paints, Drugs, Brooms, &c., &c., and Cedar Ware in great variety.

Having now permanently settled in business, and being determined to use every proper exertion to please, he hopes to merit and receive a liberal share of public patronage.

JOHN ARNOLD.

Dec. 22, 1854.

NEW FIRM AND NEW GOODS!

The subscribers having purchased the entire Stock of Goods of Geo. W. Horn, in the town of Schellsburg, beg leave to announce to the public generally, that they have now on hand, and will continue to keep, a large and well selected assortment of DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE, Tinware, Oils, Drugs, Fish, Molasses, and, in fact, every article usually found in Country Stores, to which they invite the attention of purchasers, satisfied that they can give satisfaction to all who give them a call.

The highest price will be paid for Hides, and for all kinds of Grain. Lumber and Produce, of every description, will be taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest prices. All kinds of Leather will be kept at the Store for sale. Give us a call.

A. J. SNIVELY,
JAMES BURNS, Jr.

Jan. 5, 1855.

REMOVAL.

The subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has removed his Tinning Establishment to the building recently occupied by Mr. Luther, as a Confectionary Store, in the Diamond, where he is better prepared than ever to accommodate his customers with every article in the line of his business, either wholesale or retail, and hopes they will give him a call at his new location.

GEO. BLYMIRE.

Bedford, April 6, 1855.

NOTICE:—The undersigned expecting to be absent in the West for some length of time, would say that his business will be left in the hands of Jacob S. Schell, where all interested will call and attend to their own and my interest. JOHN H. SCHELL.

Schellsburg, May 11, 1855.

ISAAC HUGUS, Attorney at Law,

WILL hereafter regularly attend the sittings of the Courts of this county.—During the terms of the Court he may be consulted professionally at the Hotel of Maj. Davis.

Bedford, March 10, 1854.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.

JOB MANN. G. H. SPANG.

THE undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will attend promptly to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Julianna Street, three doors south of "Mengel House," opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

JOB MANN.
G. H. SPANG.

June 2, 1854.

D. R. WUNDERLICH. B. F. NEAD.

Wunderlich & Nead,

Forwarding & Commission Merchants,

North Second Street, opposite the Cumberland Valley Rail Road Depot,

CHAMBERSBURG.

☞They are at all times prepared to carry all kinds of Produce to, and Merchandise, &c., from Philadelphia and Baltimore, at the shortest notice.

***They will also purchase Flour, Grain, &c., at market price.

COAL, LUMBER, SALT, FISH, GUANO, and PLASTER on hand and for sale low.

June 10, 1853.

Henry S. King,

(Of the late Firm of King & Moorhead.)

Commission Merchant,

DEALER IN PIG METAL, BLOOMS,

Western Produce, &c. &c. &c.

No. 76, Water Street, below Market,

Pittsburg, Pa.

The undersigned will continue the Commission Business at the above place; and having provided himself with suitable conveniences for the storage of Pig Metal, Blooms, Produce, &c. is now prepared to receive consignments.

By long experience in the business, and by constant attention, he hopes to merit a generous share of trade, which he respectfully solicits.

HENRY S. KING.

April 27, 1855.

JOSEPH W. TATE,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

BOUNTY LAND, AND CLAIM AGENT.

Has for sale FOUR FARMS and 10,000 acres of unimproved Land. ☞ Liberal advances made. Land Warrants bought and sold.

☞Office in Julianna street.

Bedford, May 11, 1855—6m.

Dr. JOS. KEEFE

RESPECTFULLY begs leave to tender his Professional Services to the Citizens of Schellsburg and vicinity. ☞ Office on Main Street. Sept. 21, 1855.